THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1870. VOLUME II--NUMBER 229

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, MARCH 15.

COMMERCIAL.

ATLANTA, 3 o'clock, P. M., March 15.

Business was dull and inactive this morning, and there were but few transactions. Standard prints can be purchased here now for ten cents. Meats are off and rather weak. It is thought that trade will revive after the new freight tariff takes effect on the State Road.

ATLANTA, GA., March 15, 1870.

Mr. Commercial Editor: It is with pleasure we are able to announce to Atlanta merchants and shippers from points on E. T. Ga. and Va. R. R., a reduction of freights to take effect on 20th of this month. We have also secured a very low rate on cotton goods from this place to points on E. T. Ga. and Va. R. R., which will enable us to compete with any market in the United States, and will be a great saving to merchants on the line of Road named. We will soon publish a detailed statement, giving rates from different depots, in card form for reference. For the present conservative tariff, we are greatly indebted to Capt. Joseph Jaques, Vice President of the E. T. Ga. and Va. R. R., and Mr. A. Pope, General Freight Agent of the W. and A. R. R.

Respectfully,

W. M. & R. J. LOWRY.

COTTON—Market dull and nominal. Receipts light; middlings 18; low middlings 17; good ordinary 16; ordinary 12½.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 11; selling at 1 15. Silver buying at 1 08; selling at 12. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GRAIN.—Corn in good demand at 1 20a1 24 by the car load, at the depot; 1 26a1 28 in small lots. Wheat 1 40a1 45 for prime red; 1 45a1 50 for prime white. Oats in good demand, at 78, by the car load, 85 in small ots. Rye, 1 25.

BACON—Fair stock on hand, prices easier; clear sides 17¾a18; shoulders 14a14½; plain hams 18a20; canvased 21¼a24.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides 16¼a16¾; clear rib sides 16a16¼; shoulders 13; hams 17¼a18.

LARD—Barrels 18a18½; kegs and cans 19a19½.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled 5a6c; Apples 5a6.

TOBACCO.—Low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60a 62½; fine 90a1 00; choice 1 25; leaf 20.

FLOUR.—Superfine per bbl. 6 00a 6 25; extra 6 50a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00a8 50.

COW FEED.—Peas, none; pea meal, none; oil meal, 4 50a5 00 per bbl, 200 lbs; bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; prime hay, 1 70a1 90 per 100 lbs. Kentucky Cow Feed, 1 00 per bushel. Stock meal 1 00 per bushel. Baled shucks 2 00 per 100 lbs.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6¼a7¼, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5a5½c; common 3½a4c gross. Stock light.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a 12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4a6 00a 5 75; 3s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 20a28c; German, 18a20.

FERTILIZERS.—Dickson's Compound, 65 00 per ton; Soluble Pacific 72 50; Acid Phosphate of Lime 52 50; Wilson's Ammoniated Super Phosphate Lime, 65 00a70 00 cash, 75 00 time; Virginia Land Plaster 22 50; Baugh's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00; Coe's Sup. Phos. 75 00; Ground Bone 65 00; Willingham Fertilizer 65 00 cash, 75 00 time; Wham's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00 cash; Ruth's Challenge Sup. Phos. 75 00; Chesapeake Guano 75 00 cash, 85 00 time; Georgia Fertilizer 70 00 cash, 80 00 time. Oakley Mills Flour of Rawbone (at mills,) 75 00; pure Dissolved Bone (at mills,) 75 00. Sea Fowl Guano, 72 50; Etiwan No. 1, 62; No. 2, 72 00; Peruvian Guano 100 00; Rhodes' Superphosphate 67 50; Mape's Superphosphate 70 00; Zell's Superphosphate 70 00; Berger & Butts' Excelsior Superphosphate of Lime 70 00.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 00; buck, 3 25.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 23 by car load, 1 35 in small lots. Rice, 8½c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 16a17c; Tallow 12a15c. Coffee, Sugar, 17c; Extra C, 16; Yellow, C, 14a15; Brown, 15½. Rio Coffee, 19a21; Java, 35a38c. Beeswax, 33 a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 57a60. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a45c; Tennessee, 25a30. Apples 4 00a7 00 per bbl. Eating potatoes 2 75a3 50 per bbl; planting 5 00a6 00. Eggs, 18a20c per doz. by the lot. Venison Hams 16a18c per lb.

DRY GOODS.—Aliens 10, Sprague, 10; Pacific 10; Lancaster, 10; Wamsutta, 9; Amoskeag, 12. Ticking, Pittsfield, 12; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 40. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Shirtings, 7½-13c; B. Shirting, 4-4, 15c; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7½a11; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 12a15c; Brown drills, 15½; Bleached Drills, 16; Stripes, 17a19; Checks, 19a19½; Montour Osnaburgs, 20; Troup, 21a21½; Yarns, 1 60a2 00.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 a1 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackia, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel. James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

LUMBER—All classes of framing lumber bring readily 20 00 per M; all plank (scarce) 22 00 per M; weather boarding, 22 50; flooring, tongued and grooved, 32 50; shingles, pine, drawed, 3 00 per M; sawed, 5 75 a6 00 per M; white oak wagon timber, 30 00 per M; walnut, 80 00.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 36 00a60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; linings kins, (sheep), 4 50a5 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

BAGGING AND ROPE—India and Borneo barging, 23c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 8c.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a 4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a 1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 45a50c; Petro, 40; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11¼a15; do., pure, 16½.

Georgia News.

The Thomaston Herald says the Meningitis has abated. Nine persons only have died of Meningitis.

AIR-LINE RAILROAD.—Work has commenced at this end of the second section of this road—the ball having been opened by Mr. W. P. Woodall on Monday last. Several companies are making preparations to commence work next week. The people are paying promptly their subscriptions of Air-Line Railroad stock.—*Air Line Eagle.*

A Washington correspondent likens General Butler to Bully Bottom. "He failed," says the writer, "because he insisted on playing all the parts."

New York Dramatic Troupe.

By inadvertence the fine performance of this excellent company last night, was not noticed in our morning's issue. The audience was perfectly delighted. The whole company has merit. The Macon Telegraph says it is the best dramatic company that ever visited Macon.

We can assure our theatre-goers of a delightful entertainment. The plays performed are live, racy, modern ones. The play to-night, is a good one. The company will only be here a few nights. We can commend it.

☞ See Fourth Page.

The Conspirators Desperate.

The desperate condition of the Bullock conspirators is shown by their struggles The wires are kept hot with slanders about the Democrats. The papers in their control teem with the vilest falsehoods. In the unholy clutch for two years more of power they are devising every iniquity.

The last Chronicle of Forney contains an editorial from the *Intelligencer* of this place, and the following statement all telegraphic:

ATLANTA, March 11.—Official information was received here to-night that trouble of a serious nature has arisen on the Brunswick and Albany Railroad. By the law granting State aid to that road, the company are compelled to complete fifty miles of the road by the 18th of the present month. About eighty or a hundred employes of the road, knowing this, and incensed by designing men, have banded together and refused to work themselves or allow others to do so.

The officers of the road have appealed to Gen. Terry for protection for their own lives and the property of the road, which is owned almost entirely by Northern capitalists. Troops have been ordered to the scene of the disturbance, and it is hoped that matters may be quelled without bloodshed. It is feared this is but the beginning of rebel demonstrations against Northern men, encouraged by the recent action of Congress remanding the State back to rebel control.

There is also an editorial from Forney, copying a paragraph from the Macon Telegraph and Messenger, that had in it rather too big a crow over the passage of the Bingham amendment by the House.

Forney makes the following characteristic and unworthy point against our contemporary:

Nor should it be forgotten that the paper is published in Macon, the place where the officers of the State Agricultural Society refused to fly the American flag on the buildings loaned by the United States Government in which to hold the fair, because, as they said, "they were unwilling to give any *political significance* to the fair.

And he winds up with the following essentially Radical argument about party interest. This appeal has never yet failed when the fact was believed true.

Aside from the great principles involved, there is a great *party* responsibility in this case. If the bill, as amended in the House, is adopted, Georgia is forever lost to Republicanism. If the amendment is stricken out, and the bill adopted as reported by the Reconstruction Committee, Georgia will poll her electoral vote for Republican candidates in 1872.

The mind sickens to think that the interests of a great State are the weathercock of the corrupt misrepresentations of such mercenary scribblers as this Forney. His paid aspersions outweigh truth, and a noble and injured people are powerless to help themselves.

☞ Reading matter on every page.

The Negro Protest.

As part of the history of the times, we give below the protest of the negro members of the Georgia Legislature against the Bingham amendment. It is a pitiful document. As many of the negroes are not here, whose names are signed to it, the Bullock factionists that got it up to serve their "personal schemes," are guilty of forgery in attaching such names. It will be observed that the protest consists almost entirely of prophecy. It marks out a bountiful harvest of Democratic horrors, for which there is not the slightest ground.

As for the negro members representing ninety thousand voters, the claim is ridiculous, when it is known how large a negro vote was cast with the Democrats in the Presidential election.

As a Democratic journal, we declare that the protest is false in statement, and was gotten up by the Bullock faction in its interest for personal ends.

The following was laid before the Senate yesterday by Senator Revels:

ATLANTA, GA., March 10, 1870.

Hon. Hiram Revels, United States Senator from Mississippi, United States Senate Chamber:

The undersigned Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, desire you to present this protest to the Senate of the United States when the Georgia bill comes up for discussion, as you are the only representative of our race in that body. We urge you to do all in your power to prevent the adoption of Bingham's amendment to the Georgia bill, the result of which will be to deliver us bound hand and foot into the hands of our most bitter and relentless enemies. We ask your aid and influence. Shall we ask in vain?

ATLANTA, GA., March 10, 1870.

To the Honorable the Senate of the United States:

We, as colored men and members of the Senate and House of Representatives of the General Assembly of Georgia, representing over ninety thousand voters of the State, desire earnestly and solemnly to protest against the adoption by your honorable body of the bill for the admission of Georgia as amended in the House by Mr. Bingham, of Ohio, and we do so because that to give protection and the enjoyment of equal rights to all classes of our citizens, it is necessary that such legislation shall be had as will secure the passage of such jury laws as will insure justice to the colored men, of a bill for the promotion of education among all classes, and also such amendment of the election laws as will give a fair, free expression of each citizens' political views.

If elections take place this fall the passage of such bills which are necessary for our salvation will engender the most bitter strife and hostility on the part of the white citizens to our race and color. Violence and bloodshed will mark the course of such elections, and a fair expression of the will of the people cannot be had. We shall be driven from the polls, as in the Presidential election, by armed and organized bands of rebel, and our State given over to the guidance and control of the most extreme men of the Democratic party. We respectfully ask your honorable body that the bill passed December 23 may be given full effect.

Signed by three Senators and sixteen members of the House of Representatives of Georgia.

Green Superior Court—Homicide in Taliaferro County.

GREENSBORO, March 14, 1870.

Editor Constitution: Green county Superior Court is in session, Judge Robinson presiding. There is a quite a number of lawyers in attendance, among whom I note Colonels Hill and Billups, and Judge A. C. Reese, of the Morgan bar; Maj. McDaniel, of Walton; and John W. Bird, Oglethorp; and Messrs. Bristow & Bird, of Crawfordville.

Business seems to proceed to the liking of lawyers—with promptness and dispatch. Yesterday, the 13th inst., occurred a fatal rencontre, between Messrs. A. H. Evans and Jesse Nunn, of Taliaferro county, in which Evans, with a rifle gun, shot Nunn through the thigh, cutting a large artery therein, and killed him within a few hours. Reports from the neighborhood are so conflicting that I forbear to give what purports to be the facts. The homicide occurred at or near Evans' house, about four miles from Crawfordville. Evans is still at large. More anon. F.

The Georgia Bill—Senators Disgusted with Gov. Bullock's Exactions.

The Georgia bill in the Senate promises to lead to a long discussion. From the evidences we have already had, Bullock carries a large share of the Senate in his breeches pocket. He has been lobbying around trying to raise a breeze against the Bingham amendment. The question has not yet been sufficiently agitated to form an opinion, though several Senators stated today that they thought it was a humiliation that the members of their body should allow themselves to be manœuvred about as has been the fact in the case of Georgia. It is apparent that the Senators generally are getting tired of Bullock and his greedy expectations. The point which will give rise to the most debate will be on the extension of Bullock's term of office. Senators decline to give an opinion as to the result, as they say it would be impossible to form a correct judgment.—*N. Y. Herald.*

OUR PARIS LETTER.

The Ministry Get a New Lease of Power—Don Carlos Arrested—The Bent on Infallibility—The Result—The State Ball—Mussulman Rights—The Empress' Toilet—Rothchild's Poor Kin—Burlingame's Pig-Tail Mission.

Special Foreign Cor. of The Constitution.]

PARIS, February 26, 1870.

Editor Constitution: The Ministers by an almost unanimous vote of the Chamber, have got a new lease of life, and a fresh start. This indemnity absolve them from the delay in carrying out their reforms—their tergiversations—their arbitrary arrests of editors—their draconian press prosecutions—and their illogical suppressions of public meetings. The Cabinet has a Chamber, not the faithful reflex of the nation'tis true, nor united by common sympathies, but kept in the leech by the threat of dissolution; it has the Chief of the State, more than ever anxious and willing to approve of the repeal of all that is obnoxious and irritating in the Constitution; it assures us that calm reigns every where in Europe, and nowhere more so than in France.

Now's the day and now's the hour, for ministers to apply to existing abuses, the Napoleonic maxim, "strike quickly, and strike strong." M. Daru, the Foreign Minister, who so ably *read* the Ministerial bill of fare, assures us, the Cabinet is harmonious and cemented—and to strike down one member is to strike all.

From Ollivier's chain, whatever link you strike Tenth, or ten thousandth, breaks the chain alike,

By the fruits the Cabinet will be judged. Only let the chief of it, Ollivier, be to himself true—be the honest man he claims to be, and he will succeed in giving France rest—a stable government—free institutions, and accomplish that peace which revolutions can not give. He must eschew alike the fears of the brave, and the follies of the wise—be just and fear not. The nation desires no barricades—no Rocheforts—it wishes to live and let live—to have peace on earth and good will towards men.

The arrest of Don Carlos, at Lyons, by the French police, and his forced return to Geneva, may be said to end his projects of the invasion of Spain. He can not cross the French frontier, although the Pyrenees no longer exist, and the Portuguese Government forbid a raid from its territory. As his relative, the Duke of Modena, has money enough, and to spare, the only chance left is a descent on the coast. Spain does not want the Don, and it is equally difficult to know what are her desires. The position of the Peninsula defies all calculation and conjecture.

France reduces this year her contingent by 10,000 men. This may have the effect of inducing Alexander, of Russia to follow suit, and as Austria is only too willing to join the Holy Alliance of peace, Prussia would be forced to "cave in," and thus necessitate a tranquil carrying out of the treaty of Prague.

Rome is not like, "a little heaven below." Never was such strife witnessed in any church. His Holiness is determined to carry the personal infallibility question, even if necessary by a *coup d' Eglise*. The French and German Bishops thwart the Pontiff by their refusal to accept the new dogma in the "swallow it dog" style. If proclaimed, this new article of faith, so necessary to salvation as we are assured, will alienate the laity of France from Rome, never firmly attached at any time. It may be the beginning of the end, as the occupation of Rome by the French troops, is booked for an early day's discussion. The economise fit is at present on the French, and they do not desire to expend money on Popes or Kaisers, by converting their soldiers into policemen.

The "24th" passed off tranquilly. It was the anniversary of the '48 revolution. The Republicans made no display, except Arago, who, in the Corps Legislatif alluded to the day, as one of hope, adding, that no one ever dreamed of "observing as a fete, the 24. of December 1851"—the *coup d' etat*. This was all the pierate of potash exploded.

The second State Ball at the Tuileries came off on Wednesday, and was attended by 3,000 persons. The Emperor entered the halls of dazzling light at 10 o'clock, having the Princess Clotilde on his arm. The Empress having for cavalier the Arch-Duke Albert, uncle of the Emperor of Austria. She looked very magnificent in his splendid white uniform. At half past eleven, their majesties retired to the supper room, each ambassador selecting a pretty girl to accompany him to that sanctum of privilege, the Turkish ambassador, the pet of every ball, bringing two ladies by virtue of Mussulman rights. The guests danced more than ordinary, because they did not expect to dance at all. The *lustres* appeared to shed more smiles, and the *toilettes* more diamonds. The Empress, somewhat pale after her influenza, did look like one of those goddesses, that painters represent marching upon clouds. Her white robe with an immense train of white tulle sparkling with silver had flounces of black lace descending a *tablier* surrounded with roses, the robe looped up with bouquets of same, a bouquet of precious stones in the corsage with a diadem of same, completed one of the happiest toilettes ever worn by her majesty since a long time.

The season continues to be very inclement, and influenza still reigns supreme. Small-pox also keeps to the crescendo scale, 52 deaths last week, 67 the week before. The pawn offices never had so much to do, and the clerks have been working over time. The munificence of the Emperor has been privately exercised with "Uncle." He has had the clothing and bedding of several thousand persons returned to them.

The burial of Baron Nathaniel Rothschild, had brought together an immense concourse of poor persons, among whom existed the belief that the family of the deceased, would distribute a Napoleon to every poor person who demanded it. On the contrary, a large sum was handed over to the parish charitable fund, and another to the various Jewish institutions. There was, however, a great gathering of poor Jews, who "rent their garments and tore their hair"—true Israelitish grief.

The unexpected death of Mr. Burlingame, has brought matters Chinese to the front. So far as France is concerned, his negotiations had no practical conclusion. Napoleon did not exactly see the advantages of his policy. For the Parisians, the embassy was a curiosity—a new thing—soon used up, however. Every one went to see the celestials, as the curious do this moment, to see if the representative of the deceased ambassador in Paris, has put on white mourning robes.

BOURBIENF.

Supreme Court of the State of Georgia.

JOSEPH E. BROWN, Chief Justice.
H. K. MCCAY, } Associate Justices.
HIRAM WARNER, }

December Term, 1869.

Order of Circuits, with number of cases from each:

Tallapoosa Circuit	10 Cases
Atlanta Circuit	22 "
Rome Circuit	6 "
Cherokee Circuit	22 "
Blue Ridge Circuit	13 "
Western Circuit	6 "
Northern Circuit	3 "
Middle Circuit	11 "
Ocmulgee Circuit	10 "
Eastern Circuit	4 "
Brunswick Circuit	0 "

MORNING SESSION.

ATLANTA, March 15, 1870.

After delivery of opinions, John E. Toole, of LaGrange, and Oliver G. Gurley, Esq., were admitted to this bar.

It appearing to the Court that Col. James M. Brown did not have the papers in No. 4, Blue Ridge Circuit, but that in fact they were in the office and were overlooked, the rule was discharged. Upon hearing the showing by Col. Geo. N. Lester for having papers in No. 1, Blue Ridge Circuit, out of office, the rule against him was discharged.

The Court stated that these rules were issued upon no notion that either of these gentlemen intended any contempt, but that it was necessary thus to call attention to the necessity of enforcing the rule as to allowing the records of this Court to remain in the Clerk's office unless taken out by consent of the Court.

Argument was resumed upon the rule against Jno. J. Davis, of the Blue Ridge Circuit, as to certifying a bill of exceptions.

Pending his argument, Court adjourned till 3 o'clock, P. M.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The iron-clad oath was exacted from Strong as preliminary to seating.

The Georgia question will probably occupy the week.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations agreed to recommend the rejection of the San Domingo treaty, by five against two.

The House took the Funding Bill from the table, and the contest is now progressing as to its proper reference.

The Senate passed the House resolution giving Stanton's widow one year's salary.

A resolution was offered, directing inquiry whether the 15th Amendment conferred suffrage on Indians.

Thurman objected, saying the ratification had not yet been proclaimed.

MADRID, March 15.—There was no public demonstration on the funeral of Prince Henri De Bourbon.

HAVANA, March 15.—Gayeueche is about marching on Guasmaro. The Spaniads are fortifying. Jordan's headquarters are at Banos.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Stocks steady. Exchange—long 8¾; short 8¾. Gold 117¾. Bonds 10½. Money easy at 5a6. Tennessee sixes, ex-coupons 59½; new 50. Virginia sixes, ex-coupons 70½; new 70. Louisiana old 76 asked; new 73. Levee sixes 73½; eights, 85. Alabama eights 8[illegible]; fives 70½. Georgia sixes 84; 7s 93¾. North Carolinas, old 47½; new 22¾. South Carolinas old, 87; new 82¾.

Flour dull and drooping. Wheat dull and nominally lower. Corn heavy. Pork dull; mess 25 87a26 00. Lard dull at 14¾. Cotton firmer at 21¾. Spirits turpentine steady at 45. Rosin firm at 2 05a2 07½ for strained and common; 2 10a2 12 for good. Freights dull.

LONDON, March 15, noon.—Consols 92¾. Bonds 90⅜. Sperm oil firm; whale oil quiet. Common rosin 5s.6d. Sugar firmer.

LIVERPOOL, March 15, noon.—Cotton steady; uplands 10⅞; Orleans 11¼a11¼; sales 10,000 bales. Winter wheat 8s. 11d.; Western flour 20s. 6d. Pork 92d. Lard 64s.

PARIS, March 15.—Bourse opened firm; Rentes 71f. 52c.

HAVRE, March 15.—Cotton opened firm; on the spot 135f.; afloat 131f.

Our Darlington correspondent writes that "R. R." Whittemore has already convinced some of his constituents that he did just the right thing in selling a cadetship. One of these enlightened voters was asked if he knew that his Congressman had got into trouble, and his reply was, "Yes, sir, I hear 'um say he sell a ship." Well might Timothy Hurley congratulate Whittemore that his constituents can't read.—*Charleston News.*

Charles Dickens had an interview with the Queen by invitation. It is said that a baronetcy was offered him.

What Sort of Officers Were Lately in the Federal Army.

An army officer writes from Texas to the Cincinnati Commercial:

"In 1865 I was commanding a regiment stationed at Petersburg, Va. One day a man came into camp, bringing with him his wife, a lot of children, half a dozen dogs, and his household implements. He soon came to the office, reported as a second lieutenant, and was assigned to a captain who had no subaltern officers.

"The next day the officer sent him back to me with a note, in which he said he did not want such a man about, and begging me, by all the ties of good fellowship, not to saddle such an infliction upon him. So I began to cross-examine the patriot, and soon found that he tore our noble language into linguistic tatters, and that he could scarce read or write. I asked him if he had been before the Army Examining Board. 'No,' he said. 'I am a particular friend of Mr. Johnson's.' 'Ah! you are a friend of the President's are you?' He replied he had been on his body-guard when he was Governor. 'Then, I suppose,' I asked, that you did some good service during the war?' 'I never fit a lick,' answered Mr. Johnson's friend. 'You never—' 'Fit a lick,' he responded with greater emphasis.

"A few days after, the Post Adjutant, who was a West Pointer, with a very high sense of military proprieties, had occasion to address the gentleman a note to learn why he had not attended a stated roll-call. The Orderly soon came back and handed the Adjutant his note with an endorsement upon it, at which I saw him stare as though it conveyed some intelligence too dreadful for belief. 'What's the matter?' I demanded. 'Great heavens,' he gasped, 'if that woman hasn't written this endorsement.' I took the paper and read:

"'My husband didn't attend roll-call 'cause he was *in tite*.

"Yours, respectfully,

"MOLLIE FROLLINGER."

COUNT BISMARCK AND THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.—Upon being informed of the wants of the new Chair of Applied Mathematics in the University of Virginia, Count Bismarck, in his capacity as Chancellor of the North German Confederacy, has presented that institution with a most costly and useful collection of photographic and engraved designs of recent Government works in Germany. They comprise drawings of the modern improvements applied to bridges, canals, railways and public buildings. The presentation was made through the agency of Dr. S. J. Bocck, Professor of Applied Mathematics and Civil Engineering in the scientific department of the University.

☞ Several United States Senators are acting as matrimonial brokers, in inducing persons to marry certain Treasury clerks. This is not against the law, like selling cadetships, and the business is more congenial to our law-makers. Quite a number of weddings have taken place already through these agencies.

FOR

VARIOUS REASONS,

THE BEST

Material and Workmanship and at the same time have the largest variety to select from, may be sure they

CAN BE FOUND

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feb16-

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LINE!

STARTING from Savannah connects at Jesup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates If Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements for loss or damage occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your patronage, then instruct your correspondents to ship "Care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga."

Call on Mr. H. P. CLARK, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Tariff of Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.

The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends, who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Line—they will find a desk at their service and Atlanta papers on file.

C. D. OWENS, Gen'l Ag't.,
229 Broadway, cor. Barclay st.

Post office address, Box 5623.
feb21-tf New York, February 1, 1870.

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

J. S. OLIVER,

200,000 LBS. Bulk Meats.

HAMS, Sides and Shoulders.

5,000 LBS. Jowls and Pates.

8,000 LBS. Well Trimmed Smoked Hams.

200 Cans Choice Leaf Lard.

Corn, Oats, Flour,

AND HAY.

HOWARD Kiln Lime.

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Corner Alabama and Forsyth Streets,

feb2-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

Boot and Shoe Maker.

I AM now prepared to make Boots and Shoes of all descriptions to order. If you want Cork Sole, Box-toed, Water Proof, Light Stitch, or Pumps of the Finest French Calf Skin, I can furnish them to you at short notice, and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the best English Leather.

Fancy Gaiters for ladies made in the most approved style. Clark Lourance, the best workman in the city, is my Foreman, he formerly worked with Parish.

Call and see me at my shop on Pryor street, in front of the Theatre, if you want the finest and best fitting boot in town.

jan28-d1y CHARLES HUGHES.

GUANO,

LAND PLASTER AND COTTON SEED.

1,000 TONS SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO,

100 tons Pacific Guano Co.'s compound Acid Phosphates for composing with Cotton Seed, $25 per ton.

100 tons Major's Phosphate, $28.00 per ton.

50 tons Georgia Fertilizer, $27.50 per ton.

50 tons Cotton Food Fertilizer, $23.50 per ton.

100 tons Virginia Pure Land Plaster, $22.00 per ton.

200 bushels Pecior Cotton Seed, GENUINE, $2 to $3.50 per bushel.

200 bushels Dixon's Cotton Seed, GENUINE, $3.00 per bushel.

We can supply our friends with the above articles at prices named for CASH.

Yours respectfully,

ADAIR & BRO.

Gilham's Cotton Fertilizer.

I HAVE a few TONS of this excellent Fertilizer for sale. Read the following:

"NEAR CARTERSON, ALA., Oct. 24, 1869.

"DEAR SIR: I have used this year * * * and Gilham's Cotton Fertilizer. My crop proves conclusively that Gilham's Fertilizer is all-sufficient it has paid well, now finishing the dry season. Truly,

"ALFRED BATTLE."

I can recommend this Fertilizer to all who desire to make large yields of Cotton, etc.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
Dealer in Guano, Seeds, Flour, and Hereford's Bread Preparation,
Broad street,
Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY notify all parties not to credit my wife, E. F. TRIPP, on my account, as she has left my bed and board without cause, and I will not be responsible for any debt she may contract.

HENRY E. TRIPP.

Atlanta, Ga., March 4, 1870—d1m

ATLANTA, 20th February, 1870.

All persons in Atlanta or elsewhere in the State who have claims on the State Agency for the payment of the same, on application to the Secretary, by order of the Executive Committee.

jan23-tf D. W. LEWIS, Secretary.

Baltimore Notices.

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Steam Engines, &c.

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sep19-d1y

Educational.

Griffin Male Institute.

GEO. C. LOONEY, } Principals.
A. D. CANDLER, A. M. }

THE SPRING TERM of 1870, will begin January 18, and embrace six scholastic months. The entire expense to a pupil of this School, for

TUITION AND BOARD,

Including Lodging and Fuel, for the Spring Term, need not exceed $120, to be paid in advance.

Apply to Principals for Circulars.

Griffin, Ga., Dec. 15, 1869—d3m

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowiness of Spirits, Colic

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., DEC 3, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combinations or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

Yours, very respectfully,

T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and conscientiously recommend DR. ABBETT'S LIVER OR DYSPEPTIC MEDICINE, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

For sale by all the Druggists in Atlanta, and by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
nov21-d1y West Point, Ga.

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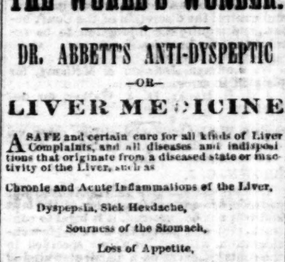
Wholesale and Retail



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OUR STOCK IS LARGE

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and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,
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For Rent,

A HOUSE of Ten Rooms in the center of the city, on Hunter street, second block from Whitehall street. Possession given immediately. For terms, etc., apply to

feb15-d1y D. C. O'KELLEY.

30,000 FEET OF

Walnut, Poplar, Pine, Oak, SYCAMORE,

AND SO FORTH, in any quantities, which must be good and dry, for which the highest cash price will be paid at

WALTON & CO.'S CABINET FACTORY.

Small quantities will be received.

The Company has purchased the best gear variety woodworking machinery, prepared to do every kind of Serpentine and Scroll Work on Newel Posts, Balusters, Veranda Posts, Bedposts, Table legs, Hand Rails, Brackets, and in fact we are prepared to stick moulding on any Scroll Work that the curve is not quicker than one inch and a quarter. We do all kinds of Turning, make all kinds of Furniture, stick all kinds of Straight or racked mouldings on hardest soft wood, make all kinds of Picture Frames, and as an inducement to the trade we sell much cheaper than any other firm in the city.

Liberal Terms Offered to the Trade.

To make Ornamental Wood Letters for signs for longer than they can be painted. Call and see our yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

Works, Race Track Street, near McPherson Barracks.

WARE-ROOMS—HAYS & GARRETT'S OLD STAND, near the old Whitehall House,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

All kinds of Lumber and Produce received in exchange.

feb15-d1y

S. J. PELL & BRO.

Savannah Notices.

GEN. A. R. COLQUITT. JAMES BAGGS. H. W. COLQUITT.

COLQUITT & BAGGS,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

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sep30-d1tf

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ONE of the oldest in the United States, having had the experience of nearly a quarter of a century.

The business is now exclusively on the all Cash Plan.

Dividends paid in advance, by reduction of Premiums.

Its Policies are all Non-Forfeitable

No unnecessary restrictions on Travel and Residence. It issues all kinds of Policies and affords double security of paid up Capital.

For loss desiring to insure, will please enquire into the merits of the American before doing so, and satisfy themselves.

W. J. MALLARD, Gen. Agent,
feb18-1m P. O. Address, Atlanta, Ga.

BULK MEAT, CORN, HAY, ETC.

50,000 LBS Bulk Meat

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION.
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.

MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, MARCH 16.

To Planters.

We would be much obliged if our farmer friends would furnish us brief letters for publication about agricultural matters in their sections. Give us planting statistics, new ideas of farming experiments, the kind and quantity of crops put in, the prospects and progress, etc.

Without meaning to infringe on the province of our many excellent agricultural periodicals, we yet want to have a regular Agricultural Department of our paper, where the farmers can exchange daily their views and facts.

WILLIAM L. AVERY.

Senator Candler's Card about this Gentleman.

We give below a card from Senator Candler about Judge Wm. L. Avery, whose extraordinary dispatch to Washington about matters in Georgia, is now before the people. We have been informed that this individual is respectably connected North. If so, it is the more extraordinary that he should put himself in the attitude of the deliberate and mendacious calumniator of a people by whom he has been kindly treated.

It is well known, and the history of Southern Radicalism shows it conclusively, that the weapon more potent than any other, more easily used, less easily met, and the most false, in fact, is the slander upon our peacefulness. For twelve months, the State of Georgia has been as quiet as any country in Christendom. No Northern State can show the domestic security that has marked this Commonwealth. We defy the civilized world to exhibit a finer example of law-abiding virtue, and this in the midst of much to disquiet.

But whenever the Radical faction here has an ax to grind, the backneyed, groundless calumny is revived in a thousand Protean shapes. No stronger proof to our patience is required than that, under the awful stimulus to indignation afforded by this most cruel and deadly of warfare upon us, our people still stay quiet. With damnable iteration, the charges of false crimes are laid to our door, for the sole purpose of making these very crimes the ground of our injury.

Talk about disorder, when the State is crammed with Northern men, growing rich upon fat contracts, when every Court is in operation, with Radical Judges on the bench, who one and all testify to the good order of the Commonwealth.

But we have not the space to dilate more upon this theme. We give up our editorial column this morning to Senator Candler's card.

We have simply to add that if, as is charged, Judge Avery has an ax to grind in keeping a Legislature with honest men in the majority, from looking into alleged corruption connected with the immense appropriation to his railroad, it will be understood at once why he thus joins the crew of Georgia's defamers.

The matters stated by Judge Avery are false, and he knows it. But his conduct has done more than aught else that has happened, to give color to the charge that his railroad appropriation was a swindle. It fastens on him the suspicion that he is interested with Governor Bullock in preventing the advent into power of a set of honest men not under party control.

Let Congressmen put this construction on the slander he has thus suddenly shot to help Gov. Bullock.

We shall now devote our attention to a fair but thorough scrutiny of this transaction, fear of the exposure of which, has impelled a man, to malign the people that have kindly treated by him.

Editor Constitution: Published in the press dispatches as having been received by two Senators at Washington on Monday, we notice the following:

SAVANNAH, GA., March 14, 1870.

The passage of Bingham's amendment in the House has set the worst elements in society wild, and now the cry of a damned Republican shouting after a man is as terrific as ever the cry of a "damned Abolition Cat" was before the war. Neither Conant nor myself have ever had anything to do with the politics of Georgia, nor do we desire to have.

We are here engaged in a "great enterprise, spending millions of Northern money in building railroads in Georgia; but this seems to be no protection to us. Any man disposed to get rid of us has only to charge us with political purposes or aspirations to rob us of all sympathy, protection or support from the community or authorities. I earnestly invoke your influence with Governor Bullock and with Congress to see us, and many others like situated, protected.

(Signed) "WM. L. AVERY."

Governor Bullock is in Washington belaboring the Senate of the United States not to give its assent to the Bingham amendment to the Georgia Bill. That amendment prevents the extension of Gov. Bullock's term of office, and that of his manufactured Legislature two years longer than the Constitution of Georgia allows.

The consideration of that bill was set down in the Senate at Washington for Monday. On that day from Savannah, the dispatch referred to, purports to have been sent by Wm. L. Avery, asking protection for himself and his friend Conant, from the cry of "damned Republicans."

Was it protection he needed and wanted and expected to get from Georgia's Governor in Washington, or rather was it to help his friend Gov. Bullock influence the Senate of the United States to prolong his and his Legislature's term of office?

Who is "Wm. L. Avery?" To-day he sits in the office of the Brunswick and Albany Railroad Company, in Kimball's Opera House, in the city of Atlanta, and is not in the city of Savannah. He may have been in Savannah on the 14th, running from the cry of "*damned Republican*," but to-day he is in Atlanta in his office.

He says he is a lawyer from one of the New England States, the attorney of the Brunswick and Albany Railroad Company. He was first seen in this portion of Georgia during the session of the Legislature in 1869.

He then presented himself as the attorney of a company of persons outside of Georgia, said by him to be large capitalists, asking the Legislature to aid in the building of the Brunswick and Albany Railroad.

This request was presented in the form of a bill entitled "a bill to aid the Brunswick and Albany Railroad Company," with a preamble of six whereases, etc., the first of which was that the Company had sixty-five miles of railroad in running order before the war, and which was torn up and demolished by the State of Georgia, in connection with the government of the Confederate States, and thereby the Company had a claim of three million and four hundred thousand dollars against the State of Georgia, to satisfy this claim.

This bill proposed to make the State of Georgia the trustee of the Company, and to endorse its bonds to the amount of fifteen thousand dollars per mile for every mile of the road to be built, including the sixty-five built before the war, these bonds to be paid in gold, and, when endorsed by the State, to be at the disposal of the Company, provided they shall not be sold at a greater discount than ten per cent.

This bill was passed through the Legislature, (in the Senate, under call for the previous question,) cutting off all amendment or discussion, though it was charged upon the floor of the Senate and House of Representatives, that the facts stated in the preamble to the bill, were false, and its passage was being secured by fraudulent and infamous means. After its passage in both branches of the Legislature, great efforts were made to have the bill returned by the Governor to the House of Representatives in which it originated, that inquiry might be had as whether its passage by the Legislature had been fraudulently secured, and all to no purpose.

During the whole of this time this man Avery was around the halls of the Legislature, lobbying its members, and anxiously working with Governor Bullock to prevent the Senate and the House of Representatives from making any investigation of the charges made against his measure, and inquiry whether it was right to give $15,000 per mile, in gold endorsement, to a railroad sixty-five miles of which had been previously graded.

The passage of this bill was then protested solemnly against by many members of the Legislature, as being fraudulently secured, and violative of the Constitution, which denied the credit of the State to any company, unless an equal amount had already been invested by private persons.

Since then it has been announced, and it is not questioned, that a bill will be introduced at the next session of the General Assembly to repeal the said act on the ground that it was the production of bribery and fraud, and in violation of the State Constitution.

Then the safety of this act of the Legislature—this loan of fifteen thousand dollars in gold per mile, to Mr. Avery's company, is in jeopardy, and by him is considered safer, with a Legislature under the control of his friend and co-laborer, Governor Bullock, than one elected by the people of Georgia.

No one here ever had a suspicion that Avery had any politics. It was charged, and was believed, that his only interest was to procure, through a Georgia Legislature, the chance of plundering the people of several millions of dollars, he and "Conant" spending millions of Northern money in building railroads in Georgia. They are spending millions of money raised by an endorsement of Georgia of *fifteen thousand dollars* in coin per mile, of a railroad running from Brunswick to Albany, a level piney woods country, sixty miles of which they had already graded, spending more than three millions of the gold of Georgia to build one hundred and fifty miles of railroad from Waynesboro to Albany.

This dispatch is akin to those manufactured in room No. 51 of the Opera House, and telegraphed, in the name of colored members of the Legislature, that their personal safety depended upon the defeat of the Bingham amendment. The Opera House interest needed protection. Akin to that dispatch which had negroes fleeing from assassins in the upper portion of Fulton county to the protection of Notary Public B. D. Smith. The protection needed is the longer rioting in the offices and store-houses of Georgia's tax-payers. The telegrams go to Washington from those interested in schemes of plunder in Georgia for the use of their Confederate, Governor Bullock.

MILTON A. CANDLER.

March 15th, 1870.

CARD FROM JUDGE CABANISS

The Radical Statement of a Democratic Convention False.

For The Constitution:

A dispatch from Atlanta to Washington City having stated that a Convention of the Democratic party of Georgia will be called by a majority of the Executive Committee in the event of the passage of the bill for the admission of Georgia with Bingham's Amendment, the undersigned, as Chairman of the Executive Committee, deems it due to truth to say that no such call is contemplated by any member of the Committee, so far as he is apprised. No member of the Committee, or other person has requested him to convene the Committee to consider the propriety of calling a Convention—nor will he, voluntarily, do so, as he knows of no necessity for such a Convention at present, and is opposed to calling one.

E. G. CABANISS.

Chm'n Ex. Com. Dem. Party of Ga.

DECISIONS

—OF THE—

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA

Delivered at Atlanta, Tuesday, March 15.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY N. J. HAMMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

John Ardis, Trustee, plaintiff in error, vs. J. J. Printup, administrator, et. al., defendants in error. From Gordon. Equity, etc.

BROWN, C. J.

1. Ante nuptial contracts in consideration of marriage to be solemnized, like wills, should be liberally construed to carry into effect the intention of the parties.

2. The rules of grammatical construction usually govern, but to effectuate the intention they may be disregarded and conjunctions substituted for each other.

3. An express trust may depend for its operation upon a future event, and is then a contingent trust.

4. In this case, the intended wife, with the consent of the future husband, conveyed her property to a trustee for the joint use and maintenance of both husband and wife, for and during their joint lives; the property to be under the control and management of the husband, but not to be in any manner liable for his contracts; then to the survivor for and during his or her natural life, and in case of the husband's survivorship, there being issue, to remain under his management during his life, then to vest in and become the property of the child or children of the wife, the issue of the marriage, living at the time of the death of said survivor. But if there be no issue of said marriage, or if such issue shall die in the life time of such survivor, without leaving issue alive at the time of the death of said survivor, said survivor shall take an absolute estate in said property. And if the said wife survive the husband and marry again, and at the time of her death there be issue of the present contemplated marriage, and also issue of any such subsequent marriage then living, the issue of such marriage shall take an interest in said property in the same manner, and to the same extent, as if it or they were the issue of the first marriage. And in a subsequent part of the deed it is declared that, "if *at any time* hereafter it shall be deemed advisable or necessary by said husband and wife, or the *survivor* of them, the said trustee, with the written consent and request of the said husband and wife, or the survivor of them, may sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all or any part of said property, but the proceeds of such sale, exchange or other disposition, and the increase thereof, shall be held subject to the uses and purpose herein before mentioned.

After the marriage had been solemnized, the husband died, leaving no issue by the wife. She afterwards married again, and had two children by the last husband:

Held: That the scope and spirit of the marriage settlement embrace the children of the second marriage as beneficiaries, though there were no children of the first marriage, and that the trust was not executed at the death of the first husband; but the trustee still held the legal title for the wife during her life, with contingent remainder to such children as might be the offspring of the second marriage, which became a vested remainder on the birth of such child or children.

Judgment reversed.

W. H. Dabney, W. Akin, for plaintiff in error.

Printup & Fouche, H. Buchanan for defendant.

Andrew Howell, et al. plaintiff in error, vs. George A. Gordan, et al. defendant in error. From Lumpkin. Claim, etc.

BROWN, C. J.

1. In a claim case, it is not necessary for the plaintiff in fi. fa. to prove the levy, and the handwriting of the sheriff on the trial. The sheriff's official entry on the fi. fa. that he has made the levy is sufficient evidence of that fact, and the Court will receive the genuineness of his signature to the entry, as he is an officer of the Court, without proof.

2. The courts of this State, have no jurisdiction to render a valid judgment against a citizen of another State, in a common law action, unless he has been within the limits of this State, and has been served with process while in this State. And a judgment confessed by the agent of such non-resident citizen, who has never been served in this State, would not bind third persons. And if it is levied upon property claimed by a third person, he may deny the validity of the judgment on the ground that the Court had no jurisdiction of the person of the defendant.

2. Where an agent was appointed in this State, by a non-resident person to look after, or act as agent for certain lots of land, with no other, or general powers, and an attachment was issued against said resident owner, and levied upon said lots, the agent by virtue of this authority, was not authorized to confess a general judgment binding upon said defendant in attachment.

4. The war revoked the agency of a citizen of this State, in this State, for a citizen of Massachusetts, which existed when the war commenced, without any act of revocation or renunciation by the parties.

Judgment reversed.

Weir Boyd by Hillyer & Bro., for plaintiff in error.

W. P. Price for defendant.

William Little, plaintiff in error, vs. William Meadows, et. al., defendant in error. From Union. Appeal.

BROWN, C. J.

Prior to the adoption of the new Constitution, an appeal lay from the verdict of a petit jury to a special jury, on an issue growing out of a proceeding under sections 4,000, 4,001 and 4,002 of the Code to expel an intruder.

Judgment reversed.

Weir Boyd, by Hillyer & Bro., for plaintiff in error.

H. P. Bell, Welborn & Fain, S. C. Johnson for defendant.

A. Kilgore, plaintiff in error vs. R. T. Beck, et. al., defendant in error. From Murray. Equity.

BROWN, C. J.

1. When the head of a family applied to the Ordinary by petition to have a homestead set apart for his family under section 2013 of the Code accompanied by a schedule of his property; and the land was sold at Sheriff's sale, pending this application, the purchaser at such sale with notice that such application was pending, took the property under section 2018 of the Code, subject to the incumbrance of the homestead when properly laid off.

2. If the purchaser is proceeding to have the Sheriff turn out the family and put him in possession, and the head of the family has acted in good faith, and with seasonable diligence, for the purpose of having the homestead laid off, this will, under section 3153 of the Code, authorize the Court of Chancery to interfere by injunction to restrain the eviction, till the parties can be fairly heard, and their rights adjudicated. And if the Chancellor, under a misapprehension of the legal rights of the family, has dissolved the injunction, and directed the Sheriff to proceed to turn the family out of their home, this Court will interfere and control the discretion of the Court below, and require the injunction to be retained till the hearing.

Judgment reversed.

W. Luffman, Johnson & McCamy, for plaintiff in error.

J. A. R. Hanks, D. A. Walker, for defendant.

George W. Jenkins, plaintiff in error, vs. James D. Temples, defendant in error. From Murray. Case.

BROWN, C. J.

1. While contracts in general, in restraint of trade, are against the policy of the law, and will not be enforced, it is legal to contract, that one party, for a valuable consideration, will not, for a time specified in the contract, carry on a particular kind of trade in a village, or at a particular locality, and the Courts will entertain an action for damages for a breach of such contract, and it is error in the Court to dismiss the plaintiff's action on the ground that the damages are too remote, or that no specified sum was agreed upon as stipulated damages.

Judgment reversed.

R. J. McCamy, W. Luffman, W. W. Geddens, for plaintiff in error.

J. A. W. Johnson, A. Farnsworth, for defendant.

Mary A. Lea, et. al., plaintiff in error, vs. Presly Yates, defendant in error. From Catoosa. Claim, etc.

BROWN, C. J.

A confession of judgment for the sum of ——— with interests and costs of suit, is not sufficient to sustain a judgment signed up for a specific sum as principal, with interest, etc., as the shape of the confession shows that the parties had not agreed upon the amount with which the blank was to be filled, or had, for some other reason, neglected to fill it. Such judgment takes no lien on the property of the defendants, and an order of Court amending the confession by filling the blank with the sum for which the judgment had been signed, will not create a lien on property purchased from the defendants *bona fide* prior to the date of such order. The record in such case was only notice of what it contained, and was not notice that there was any legal judgment against the defendants, or any lien upon their property.

Judgment reversed.

W. Akin, Dodson & Payne, for plaintiff in error.

A. J. Hacket, by W. H. Dabney, for defendant.

J. A. Stephenson, plaintiff in error, vs. The State of Georgia, defendant in error. From Bartow. Indictment for Misdemeanor.

BROWN, C. J.

It is error in the Judge of the Superior Court, in any case, civil or criminal, or in Equity, during its progress, or in his charge to the jury, to express or intimate his opinion as to what has or has not been proved, or as to the guilt of the accused.

Judgment reversed.

W. T. Wofford by W. H. Pritchett, for plaintiff in error.

C. E. Broyles, Solicitor General, by the Reporter, Cox & Wikle, for defendant.

W. J. Hood, administrator, vs. Elisha Townsend. Complaint. From Towns.

WARNER, J.

When a note was executed on the 8th of July, 1861, and a suit was instituted thereon.

Held: That it was a Confederate contract within the provisions of the Ordinance of 1865, and that the Court below erred in not giving that Ordinance in charge to the jury, as the equities of the parties were to be regulated and adjusted by that Ordinance; that the charge of the Court as contained in the record, in view of the facts of this case, was error.

Judgment reversed.

John S. Fain, H. P. Bell for plaintiff in error.

W. T. Crane for defendant.

G. W. Howser vs. W. T. Evans. Award and relief. From Catoosa.

WARNER, J.

When the parties submitted certain matters in controversy between them to arbitration, and the arbitrators made an award against one of the parties for the sum of two hundred and eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents in gold, which award, was made the judgment of the Court. After the passage of the Relief Act of 1868, the defendant made a motion in the Court to open the judgment under the provisions of that act, which was allowed, and on the trial of the issue formed thereon, the jury, after hearing the evidence on both sides, returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the sum of three hundred and ninety-eight dollars and fifty cents principal, and sixteen dollars and seventy-eight cents interest; whereupon the defendant moved for a new trial on the ground that the verdict was contrary to law, contrary to the evidence, and strongly and decidedly against the weight of the evidence, and the principles of equity and justice; and against the charge of the Court. The motion for a new trial was refused.

Held: That as there was no error alleged to the charge of the Court that the verdict of the jury was right under the law, and the facts of the case as shown by the record, and that the motion for new trial was properly overruled.

Held further: That this is a proper case in which damages should be awarded as provided by the 4,238st section of the Code.

Judgment affirmed and damages awarded.

G. W. Bruce, E. P. Hoge, for plaintiff in error.

Dodson & Payne for defendant.

Reuel Edwards vs. Simeon Daly. Trover. From Catoosa.

WARNER, J.

When it appeared from the record that an action of trover, for the recovery of a horse, was pending in the Superior Court, and that in March, 1868, a military order was issued by Gen. Meade, ordering that the suit should be dismissed by the Court, but the order was not produced in Court, though the Sheriff swore that he had received an order in substance as above stated. There had been two terms of the Court held since the order was issued; at the first term thereafter, the defendant was in Court, and continued the case on account of the sickness of one of his counsel having in his possession an official copy of the military order at that term of the Court. At the next term of the Court, the case was continued by the defendant on account of his own sickness, at which term one of his counsel had the order in his possession, but at neither term was there any motion made to dismiss the case; nor was the order brought to the attention of the Court. It was also shown to the Court, that both parties had subpœned witnesses and prepared themselves for trial at the present term of the Court, when, on motion, the presiding Judge dismissed the case;

Held: That inasmuch as the defendant failed to produce his military order to the Court, and move a dismissal of the case, until after the restoration of civil authority in the State, but proceeded to continue the case from term to term, and put the plaintiff to the expense and trouble of preparing the same for trial, that it was error in the Court below in dismissing the plaintiff's case at the last term of the Court, at the plaintiff's cost, on motion of the defendant, under the military order issued in 1868.

Judgment reversed.

Dodson & Payne, E. P. Hoge, for plaintiff in error.

G. W. Buice, for defendant.

John Brakebill vs. Alex. Leonard, et. al. Case from Murray.

WARNER, J.

When an action was brought by the plaintiff against the defendants for wrongfully depriving him of a mule and seventeen gallons of syrup in the year 1864, and the defense set up was, that the defendants took the property from the plaintiff when acting under orders of the officers of the Confederate military government, and the Court dismissed the case on its own motion, without giving the plaintiff an opportunity to go before the jury and have the question of fact tried by them, whether the defendants were at the time of the seizure of the property *bona fide* acting under military orders or not.

Held: That it was error in the Court to dismiss the plaintiff's case in the manner stated in the record, that the Court should have submitted the evidence to the jury, and charged them as to the law applicable to the facts proved on the trial.

Held, also: That the certified copy orders of the military authorities of the Confederate State were properly admitted in evidence on the trial of the case.

Judgment reversed.

R. J. McCamy, W. Luffman for plaintiff in error.

J. A. W. Johnson for defendants.

John D. Field, administrator, vs. James B. Sisson, et. al. Illegality, etc. From Lumpkin.

WARNER, J.

When an affidavit of illegality had been filed to an execution, and the questions of illegality involved therein had been finally adjudicated by this Court:

Held, That such adjudication was conclusive upon the rights of the parties in that case:

Held, further. That the party making such affidavit of illegality, nor his legal representative after his death, could not, by a motion to set aside the execution and judgment for the same causes embraced in the affidavit of illegality, or which might have been embraced therein, be heard to vacate or set aside said execution and judgment, the more especially after the lapse of several years since the rendition of the same for causes which may have existed prior thereto.

Judgment affirmed.

Weir Boyd, R. A. Quillian, by Hillyer & Brother, for plaintiff in error.

H. P. Bell, W. P. Price, for defendant.

Thos. T. Napier vs. Michael Dickson. Equity. From Gordon.

WARNER, J.

When, in 1853, N sold to D certain negro slaves for the sum of $7,000 00, $2,000 00 of which was paid at the time of the sale, the purchaser giving his promisory notes for the balance due, at one, two, three, and four years after date; to secure the payment of which D executed to N a mortgage on real estate. In November, 1865, the mortgage was foreclosed for the sum of $5,000 00 principal, and $2,685 25 interest. At the May term of the Court, 1866, the defendant appeared in Court and made a motion to have said judgment of foreclosure opened and a new trial had, on the ground that the defendant therein was *unavoidably* absent from the Court at the time said judgment of foreclosure of the mortgage was rendered, as provided by the Ordinance of 1865, that the plaintiff was indebted to the defendant in the sum of $3,000 00, besides interest which should be credited on said mortgage debt; and the prayer of the defendant in his motion was, that this latter sum might be set off against the plaintiff's demand, and in the meantime that all proceedings be stayed until there could be a hearing of the case. The Court granted the order as prayed for, suspending all further proceedings until the further order of the Court.

This was the state of things when the Constitution of 1868 was adopted, denying to the Courts of this State jurisdiction, or authority to try, or give judgment on, or enforce any debt the consideration of which was a slave or slaves. The Court below declined to take jurisdiction of the case for any purpose whatever, but left the parties just as they stood in regard to their respective rights when the Constitution of 1868 was adopted. Both parties excepted to the decision of the Court.

Held: That, under the former ruling of a majority of this Court in regard to debts, the consideration of which was a slave or slaves, the judgment of the Court below was right, and should be affirmed.

Judgment affirmed.

A. T. Hacket, C. D. McCutchin, D. A. Walker for plaintiff in error.

W. H. Dabney for defendant.

Jonathan Blivins vs. O. C. Johnson. Rule against the Sheriff. From Dade.

McCAY, J.

When property is levied on to satisfy a fi. fa., and before the sale the defendant applies to the Ordinary, under the Act of 1868, for a homestead in the property levied on, the property is subject to the homestead, and if it is sold, with notice of the application, the purchaser buys it with that incumbrance upon it.

When a Sheriff had levied upon land, and before the sale the defendant notified him that subsequently to the levy he had applied to the Ordinary for a homestead in the same, and the Sheriff was satisfied that the application was made in good faith, and, after seeking legal advice, he postponed the sale, and it appeared that subsequently, in pursuance of the application, all the land was set apart, as a homestead, for the family of the defendant, under the statute:

Held, That whilst it was the duty of the Sheriff to have sold the land subject to the homestead, yet, as the proper course for him to pursue was under the Act of 1868, very doubtful, no construction of the new policy of the State, on the subject of homesteads, having then been made, and it having been affirmatively made known to the Court that the Sheriff had acted in good faith, it was error in the Court to hold him liable for the plaintiff's debt, in a rule against him for contempt in not obeying the process of the Court.

Judgment reversed.

J. A. W. Johnson for plaintiff.

D. A. Walker for defendant.

Nathan N. Baxter vs. Nathan L. Abercrombie. Complaint. From Gordon.

Brown, C. J. did not preside in this cause.

Warner and McCay, J. failing to agree the judgment stands affirmed.

W. H. Dabney for plaintiff in error.

D. A. Walker for defendant.

Yahhoola River and C. Creek Mining Co., vs. Henry Irby. Trespass. Lumpkin.

McCAY, J.

A recital in a deed that the parties making it are heirs at law of a former owner, is no evidence of the fact recited, except as against parties to the deed and their privies.

In an action of trespass for cutting timber from off vacant land, the plaintiff must prove a good title in himself.

In showing title by an administrator's deed, the order of the ordinary, granting leave to sell, must be produced. It is not sufficient that it is recited in the deed.

In an action of trespass for cutting timber on vacant land, when it is proven that the defendant, in good faith, believed it was his own land, the verdict, if for the plaintiff, ought to be only for the actual damages proven.

Judgment reversed.

Geo. D. Rice, by the Reporter, for plaintiff in error.

W. P. Price, R. A. Quillian for defendant.

James Buchanan vs. James McDonald. Rule vs. Sheriff from Murray.

McCAY, J.

In an issue formed by the plaintiff in a rule against the Sheriff, controverting the return of the Sheriff's return, the burden of proof is upon the plaintiff, and he has a right to open and conclude the argument before the jury, and it is error in the Court to give that right to the Sheriff.

Judgment reversed.

R. J. McCamy, for plaintiff in error.

J. A. W. Johnson, for defendant.

Absolom Graham vs. A. Clark. Relief. From Catoosa.

McCAY, J.

To sustain a plea under the Relief Act of 1868, it must appear that the loss which the defendant claims, as an equitable ground for reducing the plaintiff's claim, was in some way the fault of the plaintiff.

Judgment reversed.

A. T. Hackett, J. A. W. Johnson, for plaintiff in error.

Dodson & Payne, for defendant.

Elizabeth A. Taylor vs. Carroll A. Cloud, et. al. Equity. From Catoosa.

McCAY, J.

It is a good ground of demurrer to a bill filed to set aside a fraudulent deed to land, and praying the possession of land, that it is not filed in the county of the residence of the defendant; and it does not help the case that it is filed in the county in which the land lies, and that the tenant of the principal defendant, which tenant lives on the land, is also made defendant, if no substantial relief is sought against said tenant.

Judgment affirmed.

Hoge & Sprayberry, for plaintiff in error.

W. Akin, for defendant.

John Crawford vs. D. S. Cantrell. Equity from Gordon.

McCAY, J.

When a suit was brought in 1861 against a principal and security, and the security had a good defense, but by reason of his attorney having gone into the army, and by reason of the principal having also gone into the army, the said security rested under the belief that the case would not be tried, and judgment was nevertheless taken without the knowledge of the security:

Held. That a Bill in Equity for a new trial, filed within twelve months after the adoption of the Constitution of 1868, and setting up the foregoing facts, was not demurrable.

Judgment reversed.

W. Akin, for plaintiff in error.

Wm. H. Dabney, for defendant.

Daniel Hyden vs. the State. *Certiorari.* From Lumpkin.

McCAY, J.

1. The order of a magistrate sitting as a court of inquiry, to determine whether or no one arrested under a bastardy warrant, shall be committed or recognized to appear at the Superior Court, to answer, etc., is not such a judgment as can be pleaded in bar to a subsequent inquiry under a new warrant, for the same offense, nor is the judgment in such a case that the defendant be committed, or give bond, etc., subject to be corrected by the Superior Court, by *Certiorari.*

When a magistrate, after a hearing, orders a prisoner under arrest, to be committed, or give bond to appear at the Superior Court, to answer, it is illegal for the magistrate to give a judgment against the defendant for the costs, other than the costs of his own witness, and such illegality may be corrected by *Certiorari.*

Judgment reversed.

Geo. D. Rice, H. P. Bell, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

S. C. Johnson, Solicitor General; W. P. Price, for defendant.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Revenue receipts to-day $156,000.

The Reconstruction Committee agreed upon the report of the Texas bill. It is similar to that for Mississippi.

The Texas Congressional Delegation visited the President to-day.

The Senate Committee on Commerce agreed upon the report adversely on the bill to establish ports of entry at various points on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers.

The Senate confirmed the following to be ministers resident: Charles H. Lewis, Virginia, to Portugal; Joseph Russell Jones, Illinois, to Belgium; C. C. Andrews, Minnesota, to Stockholm; R. C. Kirk, Ohio, to Uruguay. W. R. Hardy, Assessor of Internal Revenue of the Third Louisiana District; John C. Riddle, postmaster, Oxford, Mississippi; John G. Blackwell, Receiver of Public Moneys, Huntsville, Alabama; Charles C. Crowe, Alabama, Register of Land Office, Wyoming land district.

The President to-day replied to the resolution of the Senate, enclosing a communication from the Secretary of State, who gives names of thirty States represented as having ratified the 15th Amendment. Including New York, Indiana, Texas and Georgia. He adds that he does not assume to anticipate the action of Congress in defining the condition or relation of any State to the Federal Government. He merely presents a list of the resolutions purporting to ratify the proposed amendment, of which notice has been transmitted to the Department of State, with the dates of their respective adoption.

The House debated at length whether to refer the Funding Bill to the Banking and Currency or to the Ways and Means Committee, and finally voted to refer it to the latter.

Butler reported a bill for the admission of Texas, stating it identical with the Virginia and Mississippi bills, with the exception of an additional provision, that its passage shall not affect the conditions under which Texas was originally admitted.

In response to an additional proviso, offered by Wood, that the State be admitted without qualification, except as stated in the bill, Butler said he had no objection, except that it was useless.

Beck also offered a substitute bill reciting that Texas has a Constitution republican in form, and is entitled to representation. Both Wood's and Beck's amendments were rejected by a party vote, and the bill then passed.

The Deficiency bill was discussed.

During the discussion, Farnsworth said that two of the granite contractors for the Charleston custom house and the treasury extension were two men who had connection in connection with the New York post-office, Messrs. Larred & Dixon, and remarked, they again had their arms elbow deep in the treasury.

Without disposing of the bill, the House took a recess till 7.

In the Senate, the Quakers want money to carry out their Indian views.

Sumner wants an appropriation for a mixed college at Xenis, Ohio.

The Judiciary Committee was directed to report regarding the status of the Indians under the 15th Amendment.

A resolution for a joint Indian committee was defeated by the casting vote of Colfax.

Georgia resumed.

An amendment was offered, authorizing the President to send troops into the State to suppress disorders.

Adjourned.

MACON, March 15.—It is ascertained that if any meeting of the colored legislators took place at Atlanta, a few days ago, it was very small—over two-thirds of them being known to be at their homes. The telegram to Revels had attached to it signatures of colored members without their consent or knowledge.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 15.—A rush for Sandiego mines is continued. It is reported that the Chinese were driven from the mines. Several were killed.

ST. LOUIS, March 15.—Another heavy snow storm last night.

LONDON, March 15.—Letters from Zanzibar, say the expedition in search of Dr. Livingstone, is detained by the prevalence of the cholera.

The German ship, Carrie and Jane, was run down by a steamer of the Peninsula and Oriental line, off the coast of Japan. No details.

MADRID, March 15.—Yesterday Prim was assailed by an anti-conscription mob. He succeeded in escaping unhurt.

☞ The Radicals are constantly talking about "the importance of causing as few delays to reconstruction as possible." Well, who is delaying it but themselves? They told us Georgia was reconstructed, and then ripped up the whole business, and are re-reconstructing the State. Tennessee has been reconstructed for nearly five years, and here we have scheme to rip the thing open there. If the least effort is made by the Democrats to see that the laws, even such laws as we have, are administered justly, it is called "obstructing the restoration of peace." But a Radical Congress can do and undo at its pleasure, no matter how many years of strife its work may occasion, nor how much wrong.—*Courier-Journal.*

The Rev. Dr. Bullock has accepted a call to the pastorage of the Second Presbyterian Church of Alexandria.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS AND CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having demands against Alexis R. Marshall, late of said county, deceased, to present them to me at Monticello, Ga., or to W. J. Tigner, at the office of Hadley & Tigner, Atlanta, Ga., properly made out within the time prescribed by law, or all in default thereof will be barred.

And all persons indebted to said deceased, are hereby required to make immediate payment.

O. C. CHEVES,
mar13-6t54 Administrator of A. R. Marshall.

New Advertisements.

DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER

The standard reputation attained by this unrivaled and infallible Yeast Powder during twelve years past, is due to its perfect purity, healthfulness and economy. Put up in tins, retail weight, as represented, and will keep for years.

The quantity required for use is from one-fourth to one-half less than other Baking Powders.

Sold by Grocers throughout the United States.

DOOLEY & BROTHER,
Manufacturers and Proprietors,
69 *New Street, New York.*

mar15-Tues-Thurs-Sat-6w

A New Volume of Music for the Young Folks, ENTITLED,

The Golden Robin;

CONTAINING

I. MUSICAL NOTATION. II. ROUNDS AND EXERCISES ADAPTED TO PHYSICAL ACTION. III. SONGS FOR ALL OCCASIONS. IV. SACRED PIECES.

BY W. O. PERKINS,

Author of "The Nightingale," "Sabbath School Trumpet," etc.

The whole forming a most attractive Music Book for Juvenile Classes, Schools and Seminaries, and one that can not fail to be admired by all Teachers and Scholars. Price 50 cents. Sent post paid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
277 Washington Street, Boston.
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711 Broadway, New York.

mar16-d1w

Hibernian Benevolent Society.

FOURTH ANNIVERSARY,

CELEBRATING ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

THE Society are earnestly requested to meet at their Hall, on Broad street, Thursday, March 17th, at 8 o'clock, A. M. At 9 o'clock, form line and proceed to the Church. After divine service, form line and march through part of principle streets of the city to DeGive's Opera House, where an Oration will be delivered by REV. FATHER RYAN, at 11½ o'clock. Citizens generally, and Ladies in particular are respectfully invited to attend.

The Hibernian Grand Ball takes place at the City Hall on the night of the 17th inst. Lovers of good cheer, and of the Art of the Light Fantastic Toe, hold yourselves in readiness, as we expect a gala time. By order of the Committee.

mar16-d3t WILLIAM DOWLING, Sec.

We Are Glad to Announce

That Goods have Declined.

WE have a Large and Select Stock of

ENGLISH BRUSSELS, 2 and 3 Ply,)

AND HEMP CARPETS,

ALSO, STAIR CARPETS AND RODS,

FINE REPS, DAMASKS,

LACE CURTAINS, CORNICES, ETC.

All of which we will "make up and fit" in the city at unapproachable prices.

S. S. KENDRICK & SON,
Exclusive Dealers in the above Goods,
mar16-dtf Marietta st., Atlanta, Ga.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

2 CENTRAL Vacant Lots. I will sell on Saturday morning, 19th inst., at 10 o'clock, on the premises, two lots 29x66 feet front on Forsyth alley, 75 feet west of Ivy street. These lots are within 250 yards of City Park, and must be sold without reserve for cash, with undoubted titles.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
mar16-dtf No. 34 Alabama Street.

Special Notices.

☞ PUT YOUR HOUSE IN ORDER. This is a most desirable object in a practical, scriptural and medical sense—by attending to the latter, the two former can be achieved.

Tone the stomach, that your digestion may be perfect; rouse and stimulate the torpid liver, that your complexion may be clear, your appetite good, and your eyes lustrous and intelligent; regulate the bowels and keep them up to a healthy standard; brace up your weakened nerves, that you may no longer be nervous or hysterical; improve your general health that you may be enabled to go through life rejoicing.

The great remedy to bring about this desirable end, is the medicated compound that is universally used: Solomons' Bitters. mar16-d1w

☞ ABOUT GUANO.—THE PUBLIC are notified that Mark W. Johnson, Esq., is my only Agent in Atlanta for the sale of my GENUINE IMPORTED PACIFIC GUANO, which has been known so long to the farming public as one of the most VALUABLE GUANOS in use. It is not the article manufactured by Reese & Co., at Charleston, called the Soluble Pacific, but it is the GENUINE IMPORTED PACIFIC GUANO, and none is genuine unless branded "SARDY'S AMMONIATED SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO." Price same as heretofore, $70 per ton.

JOHN B. SARDY,
Proprietor.

My trade has been immense this season for this valuable Guano, and I have 20 tons more just arriving which parties can get by ordering soon. I have also just received a small lot of that precious article, the GENUINE Peruvian Guano, which is for sale in limited quantities at lowest market price.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
Guano Merchant,
mar12 dtf Broad street.

☞ JUST OUT.—CHERRY PECTORAL Troches, superior to all others for Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis and Hoarseness. None so pleasant. None cure so quick.

Manufactured by BUSHTON & CO., Astor House, New York.

No more of those horrible tasted, nauseating Brown Cubeb things. jan7-d&w3m

☞ MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD. Essays for Young Men, on the passional attraction of the sexes, and the happiness of TRUE MARRIAGE, when perfect manhood and perfect womanhood unite to consecrate the Union. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. jan26—d&w3m

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.

NEW YORK DRAMATIC TROUPE.

J. CLINTON HALL.....PROPRIETOR.

LAST NIGHT BUT ONE.

This Afternoon, at 2

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, MARCH 16

Index to New Advertisements.

Dooley's Baking Powder—Dooley & Bro.
The Golden Robin—Oliver Ditson & Co.
Last night but one—DeGive's Opera House.
St. Patrick's Day Celebration—W. Dowling.
Glad Announcement—Kendrick & Son.
Estray Notices—J. T. Cooper.
Two Central Vacant Lots—G. W. Adair.

REAL ESTATE SALE.—Wallace & Fowler sell Dr. Jones' property on McDonough and Crew streets this afternoon.

B. H. TRUE, Esq.—This gentleman passed through here last night for Macon, to take an inventory of the goods and effects belonging to the State Agricultural Society, stored in Macon.

THE WEATHER.—We had slight showers yesterday morning, but the sun shone out after dinner, the wind rose, and it cooled off to pleasant and exhilerating weather.

GODEY'S LADY BOOK.—Messrs. Phillips & Crew have laid on our table the April number of this standard work. This, with all the periodical literature of the day, can be had of them, at the Central Book Store.

TOO MUCH WATER.—Our Augusta contemporaries complain of too much water there on Sunday last, the river rising to thirty feet. A part of the upper and lower portions of the city were inundated, and some damage done property.

PERSONAL.—Hon. W. P. Price, of Lumpkin county, and Whitson G. Johnson, Esq., of Lexington, are in the city attending the Supreme Court. We were pleased to note that they were in "good condition."

FINE PICTURE.—We saw, yesterday, a most magnificent picture at Lane's Temple of Art, of our esteemed fellow-citizen, Gen. A. Austell, of the new or Rembrandt style, introduced by Mr. Lane. It will richly repay for a visit there

HEAVY BLOCK OF MARBLE.—We learn that the Stone Mountain Granite Company has received an order for a block of marble over thirty feet long, and weighing some 42,000 pounds, for a monument in Augusta. It will require three cars to transport it.

RUMORED RESIGNATION.—It is rumored that Senator Dunning will tender his resignation when the Legislature reassembles again. Hon. Robert M. Goodman of Marietta, has been suggested as a suitable man to return in his place. He would make a working member—one that would reflect credit on his constituents.

HORRIBLE AFFAIR.—The Columbus papers chronicle the killing of a son of W. A. Boswell, of Harris county, by a negro boy, on Sunday last. Young Boswell was only 13—the murderer 19. The murderer was caught. The motive assigned is, young Boswell caught the negro stealing, and the negro shot him.

KENNY.—Kenny is world-renowned. His fame has crossed the Atlantic. Yesterday, he was visited by a gentleman from London, Agent of Bass & Co's Pale Ale, and appointed Agent for the State of Georgia for that ale.

Atlanta is recognized as the center of Georgia, and Kenny as the head-center.

POST-OFFICE NEWS EMPORIUM.—Orion T. Dozier has become sole proprietor of the post-office stand or news emporium, where he will keep all the current literature, stationery, notions, etc., for the accommodation of those who visit Mr. Dunning's daily levees. We wish him abundant success, for he is an energetic young man and has the stamps—for sale.

POCAHONTAS.—The attendance last night was not as large as it would have been had the weather been pleasant. The plays were excellently rendered, and the orchestra, a very attractive feature, "discovered sweet music." This afternoon a matinee for ladies and children will be given by the company, at which "Caste" will be rendered. To-night the intensely interesting drama of "The Streets of New York" will be given. We bespeak a full house.

A FINE RESIDENCE.—V. R. Tommey Esq., of the firm of Tommey & Stewart, has had recently erected, at Decatur, (now a part of the suburbs of Atlanta) a fine and commodious residence at a cost of some $4,000. The plan of the house was designed by Mr. Tommey himself. The interior arrangements are the best we have ever seen for comfort and convenience. The house is a valuable addition to Decatur, and adjoins the cosy and substantial residence of P. W. J. Echols. It is not a grand pile for exterior show, but designed for comfort and convenience

THE BRIGHT SIDE.—The March number of this popular children's paper, just received, presents an unusual variety of contents. There are over twenty different articles, all original, and some of quite superior merit. Its success has been very remarkable, 25,000 circulation being already secured; the publishers say they intend to make it 100,000 by the time it is one year old, which will be next July. They offer to send the four numbers, for March, April, May and June, free to all who subscribe before July first. Terms, 50 cents a year. Specimen copy free. John E. Alden & Co., publishers, Chicago, Illinois.

ATLANTA MEDICAL COLLEGE.—The thirteenth annual course of lectures of this institution begins on the 2d of May next. Its faculty is composed of able and experienced physicians. Its course of lectures occur during the pleasant part of the year. Atlanta offers superior inducements to those wishing to study the noble profession. It is healthy and free from contagion. No musquitoes to annoy; no sand beds to tire; no dull monotony to tire; no ostracism to exile from society. Atlanta invites and bids young men to come to her college, and every encouragement will be afforded them.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.—To-morrow will be a grand gala day with our Hibernian friends. The programme, in another column, shows that they intend observing it with becoming grace. The oration will be delivered by the post-priest, Rev. Father Ryan—a name familiar as "household words" to every one, for devotion eloquence and posey. That the speech will be worthy of the orator and the occasion none can doubt. At night, there will be a grand ball. Well, the Irish are fond of dancing (but not to English tunes) and music. Hence the day will be wound up with merry making and generous amusement.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hon. John Erskine, Judge.—No criminal cases were tried yesterday. A number of verdicts were taken in civil cases. The case of John Inman vs A. K. Seago, was heard until adjournment. In September, 1865, Mr. Inman contracted for and sold to Mr. Seago, 100,000 feet of lumber, at seventeen dollars per thousand, at Dawson, Ga. But the lumber was not delivered until 1866. Lumber was worth when the contract was made, $45 per thousand in Atlanta. When it was delivered only about $25 per thousand. Messrs. Arnold & Broyles appeared for the plaintiff, and Messrs. Collier & Hoyt for the defendant.

C. N. Featherstone was admitted to practice in this court.

SUPREME COURT.—*Evening Session.*—March 15, 1870.—Argument was resumed and concluded upon the motion against Judge Davis

No 1, Blue Ridge Circuit, which had been postponed for absence of papers, was called and dismissed, because the bill of exceptions had never been served.

It is H. P. Howell, adm'r., et. al., vs. C. C. Green.

Gartrell and Winn, for plaintiff in error.

Geo N. Lester, for defendant.

No. 2, which had passed over for same reason, was called.

It is Newson Carter vs. Isabella Davis. Dower, From Fannin.

Geo. D. Rice, J. R. Brown, E. W. Chastain, J. A. Jewis, and H. P. Bell, for plaintiff in error.

Weir Boyd, for defendant.

Pending argument for defendant in error, Court adjourned till 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

THE ENGINE "LAGRANGE."—Sometime since we noticed that this engine was christened at LaGrange, with a champagne dinner, by some gentlemen there. In the last Reporter, Messrs. J. L. Bell, W. Ewings, Oliver Ewings and A. J. Wing, return acknowledgements to the gentleman giving the dinner, closing with this sentiment:

"While memory retains one remembrance of the past, that token of regard will not be forgotten. May their journey through life be one free from run off or head downs, on the swift schedule to prosperity, and all their pairs be steam—and not real ones"

The Reporter says that Col. Grant can cap the climax by putting a lightning express upon the Road, and calling the first engine "The LaGrange Reporter."

The next engine should be named "W. G. Hounsel," in commendation of his assiduous attention to the duties of that office.

Public Lands.

Joseph S. Wilson, the Commissioner of the General Land Office in the Department of the Interior, has prepared a statement giving the total amount of land granted by the United States for railroad purposes at 182,108,581 acres, composed of 56,108,581 acres granted to the several States, and 124,000,000 acres to railroad corporations direct. The amount granted each State is as follows: Minnesota, 7,783,403 acres; Kansas, 7,758,000 acres; Iowa, 7,331,208 acres; Wisconsin, 5,876,380 acres; Michigan, 5,327,931 acres; Arkansas, 4,744,272 acres; Missouri, 3,745,160 acres; Alabama, 3,729,130 acres; Illinois, 2,595,953 acres; Florida, 2,380,114 acres; California, 2,060,000 acres. The amounts granted to the railroads are as follows; Union and Central Pacific, 35,000,000 acres; Northern Pacific, 47,000,000 acres; and the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad from Springfield, Missouri, to the Pacific, 42,000,000 acres. The total quantity granted amounts to 284,544 square miles—an area over six times as great as that of Pennsylvania.

☞ A new comic paper called "Wild Oats" has just made its appearance in New York.

COMMERCIAL.

ATLANTA, 10 O'CLOCK, P. M. March 15.

Transactions in all departments were light to-day. Corn was easy under a limited demand at 1 20a1 23 by the car load. We note no other quotable change.

COTTON STATEMENT.

	MACON, March 14.
Receipts to date	74,916
Shipped to date	59,567
Stock on hand	15,339
	NEW ORLEANS, March 14.
Receipts, Cotton, to date	916,792
Shipments, Cotton, to date	680,671
Stock on hand	237,301

GENERAL MARKETS

LOUISVILLE, March 14.

FLOUR.—An active local demand is reported, and stocks are fully up to the requirements of the trade. Prices rule steady, and transactions are made within the range of our quotations.

WHEAT.—Dealers report the market very inactive, with transactions of limited magnitude within the range of our quotations. Prices rule steady, and we quote white, red and amber from store at 1 10a1 20, and on arrival at 1 00a1 05.

CORN.—The demand continues liberal, and receipts are sufficient to supply the wants of customers. Dealers report prices firm, though not quotably higher, and transactions were effected within the range of our quotations. Sales include 900 bushels corn in sacks, at 95c per bushel. We quote shelled corn at 93a95c per bushel, sacks inclusive, from store, and ear corn commands 77a80c per bushel. Dealers are paying on arrival 70a75c per bushel.

BACON.—Stocks are reported light, with light sales within the range of our quotations. Prices are unchanged, and we quote clear bacon sides at 16a16½, clear rib 15½a15¾, and shoulders at 11¼a12¾ per pound packed. Sales include—casks clear at 16a16½, 26 casks clear rib at 15½. Hams are in active demand, and prices are quoted a shade lower, with sales 100 tierces sugar-cured at 18½ per pound. We quote fancy sugar-cured at 18½a19, sugar-cured at 18a18½, and plain at 16a17 per pound.

LARD—Prices are unchanged, and dealers report stocks fully up to the requirements of the trade. Small sales are reported within the range of our quotations. We quote tierces prime leaf lard at 15¾a16, and keg lard at 16½a17 per pound.

NEW ORLEANS, March 10.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—The receipts this morning comprised 428 hhds, sugar 101 bbls, and 65 half-bbls molasses. There was a better demand, and a fair extent of business was done at 8 for inferior and 8¼a9 for common; 9¾a10 for fair; 10¾a11¾c for good fair to fully fair; 12 for prime; 12¾a12½ for choice; 13 for yellow clarified, and 14a14½ for white sugar. 48a50 for fermenting molasses; 65a67½ for prime, not fermenting, and 5½a75c for city refinery rebolled.

ST. LOUIS, March 11.

MEATS—Dry salt shoulders, 10; rib sides, 13¾; clear rib sides, 13¾; clear sides, 14½a14¾; hams, 13¼. Bacon, shoulders, 11¼; clear rib sides, 14¾a15; clear sides, 15½a15¾. Bacon, sugar cured hams, 16½a17; canvased sugar cured hams, 17½a18. Barrel pork, mess, 26 50; ordinary, 25 00; prime mess, 22 00a23 00; rumps, 21 00a22 00; joles, 14 50a15. Prime lard in tierces, 15; kegs, 16.

CORN—Yellow, dry and sound, 75a76c; mixed, 73a76c; white, 78a80c.

CORNMEAL—City kiln-dried cornmeal 3 00a 25.

OATS—In new burlaps, 47a48c; seed oats 50a52c.

CINCINNATI, March 12.

Provisions opened dull and lower, and ruled so until the close of 'Change. The feeling in the trade is very unsettled. Yesterday, under the influence of the advance in gold, prices closed higher, and there was an improved demand for everything, but to-day gold has gone back steadily, with frequent fluctuations from 1 14 to 1 12. This checked the advance in provisions, and stopped orders. Very little has been done.

BULK MEATS—Shoulders held at 9¼, 9¼ bid. Rib, clear rib and clear sides held at 13, 13¾, 14¼; ¼c less bid all round. Dry salt hams in good supply and nominal at 13a13¼.

BACON—Shoulders very dull at 11; clear rib and clear sides can be had at 15 and 15 1-2, but are not active; bacon hams are 15, cured and packed. Sugar cured hams 16½a17½ as to brand; very little doing.

LARD—Kettle leaf is still wanted at 13¾; but holders of choice brands ask 14; a few lots of inferior can be had 13¾; country 13½; prime steam, not offered, nominal at 13½.

Gold is to-day 1 12. March 12, 1869, 1 31. Kettle lard same date 18 1-2. Mess pork 31 75. Bulk sides 14¾; bulk shoulders 12¾.

PACKING AT ST. LOUIS—George H. Morgan, Esq., Secretary Merchants' Exchange, writes that the season is closed, and the result is 247,316 hogs, averaging 238½ gross.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, March 15—Evening.—Cotton closed quiet; sales 1,900 bales at 31¾. Flour—Southern dull, unchanged; common to fair extra 5 75a6 10. Wheat heavy and 1c lower. Corn closed firm with fair demand; new mixed Western 85a96. Pork 25 75. Lard heavy; kettle 14½a15. Whisky 93a93½. Groceries dull. Naval stores steady. Freights drooping.

Money 5a6. Sterling steady. Gold closed heavy at 11¾. Governments steady, firm. Southerns closed irregular.

CINCINNATI, March. 15.—Corn steady; mixed 75a76; white and yellow 78a80. Whisky 92. Provisions dull at 26 25a26 50. Bacon quiet; shoulders 11; sides 15a15¼. Lard—no sales.

LOUISVILLE, March 15.—Corn unchanged. Provisions heavy; no sales. Lard, prime tierces 15. Whisky 91a92.

ST. LOUIS, March 15.—Corn firmer; mixed 62-66. Whisky heavy at 92. Pork heavy at 26 00a26 50. Bacon shoulders 11¼; clear sides 15¾. Lard nominal.

BALTIMORE, March 15.—Cotton firm at 21. Flour dull and low grades firm; prices unchanged. Wheat dull; Pennsylvania 1 23a1 25. Corn firm at 93a93; yellow 91a92. Oats 53a55. Provisions firm. Shoulders 12a12¾. Lard 15a16. Whisky nominal. Virginias, old 56; sixes 65¾; sevens 60; coupons, old 70 bid.

NEW ORLEANS, March 15.—Cotton market active and demand full; middlings 21¾a21. Net receipts 3,702 bales; coastwise 680 bales; total receipts 4,837 bales. Exports to continent 1,755 bales; Cronstadt 500 bales. Sales 4,000 bales. Stock 240,066 bales.

SAVANNAH, March 15.—Cotton in good demand; middlings 20¾a21; net receipts 1,508 bales. Exports coastwise 112 bales. Sales 300 bales. Stock 57,479 bales.

CHARLESTON, March 15.—Cotton market firmer; middlings 20¾; net receipts 3,367 bales; exports coastwise 108 bales; sales 300 bales; stock on hand 6,720 bales.

MOBILE, March. 15.—Cotton firm, with limited demand; middlings 21a21¼; receipts 626 bales; exports to Liverpool 3,320 bales; sales 500 bales; stock on hand 71,930 bales.

GALVESTON, March 15.—Cotton in good demand with improved tendency; good ordinary 18a18¼; receipts 711 bales; exports coastwise 34 bales; sales 1,000 bales; stock 43,936 bales.

LIVERPOOL, March 15.—Cotton quiet and steady; uplands 10⅞; Orleans 11¼a11¾; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000 bales. Receipts of cotton this week 70,000 bales.

Political.

THE Legislature of North Carolina improves a protective tariff on peanuts.

Hopkins is confirmed Postmaster of Nashville. He is Senator Fowler's man.

California papers complain that the feminine element is rather to be disagreeably prominent in the public affairs of the State.

The candidate of the New York Independent for next Governor of New York is Susan B. Anthony.

A "republican form of government," as construed by the vocabulary of Congress, means a government of which the forms are all Radicals and the officials all rascals.

The Dominican Republic has formally declared, by an overwhelming popular majority, in favor of annexation to the United States. The public debt is estimated at less than $1,500,000.

Forney rejoices that hereafter the niggers will offset the Irish vote in the United States. But if this thing is pushed too roughly, the Irish may take it into their heads to break the cocoanuts of the niggers, with Forney's thrown in.—*N. Y. Day Book.*

The Governor of Virginia, in a message to the Legislature, recommends the sale of the State interest in railroads to reduce the State debt, which is $45,872,000; also the funding of all liabilities except the foreign debt.

A letter is said to be in existence containing statements injurious to the reputation of Governor Bullock, of Georgia. We would like to see that letter, and know how the reputation of Bullock can be injured. [*Phila. Age.*

General Littlefield, the late proprietor of the Standard, after being summoned before the Legislature on charges of corruption, bribery, fraud, etc., was finally permitted to retire without testifying, and the whole examination unceremoniously "squelched."

☞ Massachusetts has 179 Unitarian congregations. No other State but New York has over twenty.

Local and Business Notices.

Col. T. M. ACTON and J. T. HALL, is our only authorized General Traveling Agents, for the DAILY and WEEKLY CONSTITUTION. All contracts made by them will be duly respected. We heartily commend them to the attention of our friends wherever they may travel in behalf of our interest.

Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local Agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

J. B. AVEREA, Fayetteville, Ga.
W. H. STANSELL, Warrenton, Ga.
JOE MCCONNELL, Calhoun, Ga.
JUDGE T. O. JACOBS, Forsyth, Ga.
ROCKWOOD CUMMINGS, Depot Agt, Palmetto, Ga.
Col. J. H. LOGAN, Griffin, Ga.
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KNOTT & NOLAN, McDonough, Ga.
O. P. SKELTON, Alpharetta, Ga.
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V. L. ROBERTSON, Cleveland, Ga.
JOHN W. MCCURRY, Stone Mountain, Ga.
T. J. COX, Gadsden, Ala.
REV. W. J. SCOTT, Acworth.

APPLE BUTTER.—We are indebted to Mr. J. H. Groves, Whitehall street, for a superior article of Apple Butter. If you want something good, try it.

DRY GOODS.—John Keely takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public, that he has just returned from New York, and is now opening a splendid stock of goods purchased at the lowest figures, since the recent decline in prices took place.

Prices guaranteed as low as the lowest.

Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.
mh16-d1m

GEORGIA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.—The agency of the above company in this city, is meeting with unprecedented success. We congratulate it upon it. Yesterday, we learn twenty-five applications were received, and among the applicants were some of the best men in the city and State.

"BARRETT'S" Renowned Hair Restorative.

ALL the varieties of early Spring, consisting of Fine Clothing, and Gents' Furnishings, to be found at the popular establishment of EISEMAN & BRO.
mh15-d2t

MAGAZINES, Music, Law Books, etc., bound, and old books re-bound quick and cheap, by Hanleiter. nov14-dtf

"BARRETT'S" All around the World.

JOY TO THE WORLD! WOMAN IS FREE! Among the many modern discoveries looking to the happiness and amelioration of the human race, none is entitled to higher consideration than the renowned remedy, Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator. Woman's Best Friend. By it woman is emancipated from the numberless ills peculiar to her sex. Before its magic power all irregularities of the womb vanish. It cures whites. It cures suppression of the menses. It removes uterine obstructions. It cures constipation and strengthens the system. It braces the nerves and purifies the blood. It never fails, as thousands of women will testify. This valuable medicine is prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. Price $1.50 per bottle. All respectable drug men keep it.
feb20-tf

COMPETITORS fear "Barrett's."

From the Norfolk Daily Journal, Dec. 11, 1869.]

KOSKOO.—This medicine is rapidly gaining the confidence of the people, and the numerous testimonials of its virtues, given by practitioners of medicine, leaves no doubt that it is a safe and reliable remedy for impurity of the blood, liver disease, etc.

The last Medical Journal contains an article from Prof. R. S. Newton, M. D., President of the E. Medical College, city of New York, that speaks in high terms of its curative properties, and gives a special recommendation of Koskoo to the practitioners of medicine. This is, we believe, the first instance where such medicines have been officially endorsed by the Faculty of any of the medical colleges, and reflects great credit upon the skill of Dr. Lawrence, its compounder, and also puts "Koskoo" in the van of all other medicines of the present day.
feb26-d&w6m

ALL ladies use "Barrett's."

THE SLIME OF THE RIVER NILE—Is not more filthy and mal-odorous than the thick sediment of the hair coloring preparations sold in darkened bottles. Per contra. PHALON'S VITALIA, OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR, the only article that will renew the natural color of gray hair, has no sediment, and is perfectly transparent. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.
mh15-deod1w

"Barrett's" dresses Hair splendidly.
mar10-d1w

GRAY HAIRS, BEGONE!—Tutt's Improved Liquid Hair Dye is a perfect wonder. By its use the old become young again. It converts the gray head into a beautiful black or brown. It imparts a natural color to the grizzly mustache and whiskers, and gives to the bald and beardless pollpate and gloss, that the young beaux might envy.
mch11-d1w

EVERYBODY should have one of Hanleiter's Memoranda cases, with name gilded on it—$1.00. nov14-dtf

WANTED.—A good Book-Binder. Apply at once for steady situation and good wages to W. R. HANLEITER.
dec14-tf

Caution.

Planters in purchasing SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO, should be very cautious, and be CERTAIN to see on the bags the brand, "J. R. BROWN & CO.'s Soluble Pacific Guano." ALSO, as BROWN & CO. are the only manufacturers here. We know of a few unprincipled Bandits, announced Soluble Pacific Guano, selling it was easy chance to Planters, which is not so.

We have 50 tons of the genuine Brown's Soluble Pacific Guano, for sale by

J. R. BROWN & CO.
mar15-d3w

A NEW DISCOVERY!!

PHALON'S

"VITALIA;"

OR,

Salvation for the Hair.

CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!

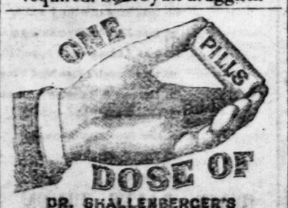
For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and cloudless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia ☜

is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.



DR. SHALLENBERGER'S

Fever and Ague

ANTIDOTE

Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, does not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will

CURE IMMEDIATELY

and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote to Malaria.

Sold by all Druggists.
nov13-d3w1y

Murray & Lanman's

Florida Water,

The most celebrated and most delightful of all perfumes, for use on the handkerchief, at the toilet, and in the bath, for sale by all Druggists and Perfumers.

WIVES AND MOTHERS.—Only woman knows what women endure; and if there be any means of assuaging the distress of body and mind which so many thousands experience day after day and week after week, with a fortitude which puts to shame the boastful courage of man, who will deny that so great a blessing to the sex should be found in every household?

Millions of men have been benefitted by its use, but among the feeble and sickly of the opposite gender, who perhaps need it most, its virtues are not so widely known. This foremost remedy of the age—this specific for every species of debility, general or local, constitutional or casual, is PLANTATION BITTERS. One light of woman, at least, will be conceded—the right to strengthening herself to sustain the ills of which the laws of nature have made her the unfortunate heiress.

The acknowledged healthfulness, unrivaled flavor, delicacy, great convenience, and extraordinary cheapness of SEA MOSS FARINA, will always keep it in the foremost place among articles intended for a table-dessert.
mh15-deod1w&w1t

UTERINE Displacements, (displacements of the womb,) Piles, Prolapsus ani, Rupture Varicocele, Spermatorrhœa, affections of the Spine, Heart, Lungs, and Throat, and all weaknesses of the male and female system radically cured by Banning's light, cool and scientific Braces and Supports.

Dr. Banning is at the National Hotel, and will remain a few days. Call for gratuitous pamphlet. feb18-dtf

1,000 bushels fresh ground Feed Meal, two parts Meal, one part Wheat Bran, mixed, 48 pounds for $1.10 without bags, or $1.15 bags included. Address orders, A. K. Seago. mar10-d6t

WM. R. HANLEITER, Book Binder, Blank Book Manufacturer, etc., Granite Block, Atlanta, Ga. nov14-dtf

SHAKING AND BURNING.—It is not necessary to journey from the tropics to Alaska in order to experience the extremes of heat and cold. Thousands undergo all the inconveniences of this thermometrical change every day, or every other day, as the case may be, without the trouble of moving over the threshold. A word with these involuntary shakers. What are they doing to expedite their return to a medium temperature—to break the chills and banish the fever? Are they dosing themselves with quinine, thereby imperilling the soundness of their bones and impairing the vigor of their brains and nervous system? Some of them are no doubt, but not the majority of them, it is believed. The value of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a harmless and certain specific for fever and ague is understood and appreciated in all parts of the country where intermittents prevail. The residents of such localities begin to take it early in the spring as a protection against the miasma by which they are surrounded; not all of them, perhaps, for a blind adherence to error is the specialty of some people, but not the greater number.

If there is any fixed facts in therapeutics, it is this: that the Bitters are a far better safeguard against all the varieties of periodic maladies produced by unwholesome exhalations than any drug or compound in the materia medica of the profession. This assertion is made with all due respect to the faculty, but being an important truth, and one that nearly concerns the health of large settlements in various parts of the country, and indeed of the public at large, it is made fearlessly. Founded on ample and unimpeachable testimony, it defies disapproval.

To break up chills and fevers, as well as to prevent them, there is nothing so reliable as this wholesome vegetable restorative.
mh15-deod1w&w1t

KOSKOO!

THE GREAT REPUTATION

Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country

AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE

And the Large Numbers of Testimonials

which are constantly being received from Physicians, and persons who have BEEN CURED by its use, is CONCLUSIVE PROOF of its REMARKABLE VALUE.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING POSITIVELY

The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue be ones pale, 'wead, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in roughness of the skin, then in ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are affected with scrofula in some form.

When the blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Indicate every impurity from the fountain of life and give it a sparkling, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,

AS A

Liver Invigorator!

STANDS UNRIVALLED.

Being the only KNOWN Medicine

that EFFICIENTLY *stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the *Liver* in lieu of *cathartics purging* it *gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; tenderness and dizziness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, teasing cough; mutually an acute; sometimes sour stomach, with a raising of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of *Wonderful Efficacy* in the *cure* of diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. In these Affections it is as near a specific as any remedy can be. It does its work kindly, silently, and surely. The Relief which it affords is both certain and perpetible.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Persons unacquainted with the structure and functions of the Kidneys can not estimate the *importance* of their *healing action.*

Regular and sufficient action of the Kidneys is as important, nay, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suspension of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or delayed, but Koskoo should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion or she organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO!

Meets with GREAT SUCCESS in the CURE of

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, perverted ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are causing a censor of the nervous system to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not promptly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

KOSKOO

Is NOT a *secret* quack remedy, FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Most and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.,

ORGANIC CHEMIST,

[illegible]

HENRY'S

CARBOLIC

CONSTITUTION RENOVATOR,

—OR—

BLOOD CLEANSER!

This medicine is known to the faculty as being the concentrated fluid extract of Sarsaparilla united with

CARBOLIC ACID

For the Cure of

SCROFULA and CONSUMPTION.

This remedy is compounded expressly for purifying and cleansing the blood of all impurities, going at once to the fountain head of disease. It extinguishes

Tumors, Consumption, Syphilis, Skin Eruptions, Salt Rheum, Boils, Rheumatism, Waste of Vitality, Scrofula.

We all know that the prompt use was instantaneously indulged in during the late war, bred the most villainous diseases. Vaccination pus was taken from the arms of many full of scrofulous sores. Then of course the impurities of the Scrofulous patient were absorbed in the blood of men otherwise without diseases, and both became infected alike. Men, women and children throughout all the west are most woefully diseased from this cause, and knew not until a few months ago, the origin of it

HENRY'S CONSTITUTION RENOVATOR

Relieves the entire system of Pains and Aches, enlivens the spirits, and sends new blood bounding through every vein. It imparts a

Sparkling Brightness to the Eye.
A Rosy Glow to the Cheek.
A Ruby Tinge to the Lips.
A Clearness to the Head.
Brightness to the Complexion.
Buoyancy to the Spirits.
And Happiness on all Sides.

For all affections of the kidneys is unsurpassed. People have been rescued, as it were, from the very jaws of death, by a timely use of this great remedy.

EXTRACTS FROM VARIOUS LETTERS.

"I was vaccinated in hospital. Before that I had no skin disease. Until I had a bottle of your Constitution Renovator sent me by Mr. Jasper, of Columbia, Mo., I suffered tortures with running sores. Since I used two bottles, I am all well except a small sore on the calf of my leg, and that is getting well fast."

This is from a lady: "And now my skin is as clear and fair as a baby's. My complexion, thanks to your Renovator, is beautiful."

"Yes, yes, I may say such relief was unknown to me before. Enclosed find five dollars for six bottles; two families here want to try it."

"I was very much troubled with syphilis. Your remedy seems to be curing me fast. Send four bottles per express."

"No more rheumatism. Three bottles of Constitution Renovator have made me a new man."

"Doctor, enclosed find $5. Please send me a supply. Two families here want to try your Constitution Renovator."

We have not space for more of the above extracts, but you can ask your neighbor about the remedy. Every one has something good to say, as it cures every time. For all diseases of the

Kidneys, Retention of the Urine, etc., and for female Diseases, Nervous Prostration, Weakness, General Lassitude and Want of Appetite it is Unsurpassed.

CAUTION.—In ordering our remedy, always place the number of our post-office box on your letters. The new law in our New York Post-office compels this. Address,

DR. M. E. HENRY & CO.,
Director General Berlin Hospital, Prussia. Agency of the United States Laboratory, 276 Pearl st, Post-office Box 5272, New York.

☞ Constitution Renovator is $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5. Sent anywhere on receipt of price. Patients are requested to correspond confidentially, and reply will be made by following card.

Sold by all respectable druggists. feb1-dly

Wholesale and Retail

HAT STORE,

SALMONS & ALEXANDER,

42 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

BEG leave to inform our friends and all who purchase goods in this market that we are now receiving, and have in store, one of the largest stocks of the best and latest styles of Hats, Caps and Straw Goods ever opened in the city, that we propose to offer to the trade. We purchase our goods directly from the manufacturers by the package, which enables us to sell goods across as low prices as they can be purchased in any Northern City, of which we are prepared to give satisfactory evidence.

We most respectfully solicit a call from all wishing to purchase, feeling confident we will be able to meet their views in quality, style and price. We think it would not be unbecoming to state that our goods are all new, having been bought within the last twenty days.

Respectfully,
SALMONS & ALEXANDER,
mar2-d1m 42 Whitehall Street.

Apple and Peach Butter.

I RESPECTFULLY call attention to a superior article of Apple and Peach Butter that I am now manufacturing and putting up in packages from 2 lbs. to 15 lbs. Orders from Merchants or Heads of Railroads leading from this city will be filled and shipped C. O. D. In the city Merchants can obtain supplies from Howard & McKoy, Grocers and Commission Merchants, Marietta street. Wholesale price, 2 lb. packages 16 2-3 cents; 5 lbs 15 cents; 10 lbs. 12½ cts per lb.

Consumers from the following named places:

Sawtell & Perkinson	Whitehall Street
J H Grove	Whitehall Street
Poole & Goode	Marietta Street
Wm & Co	Peachtree Street
Capt Clay	Decatur Street
D. Hicks	Decatur Street

mar14-d3m J. C. STUART.

A NEW PAPER.

The Temperance Watchman.

WE will publish on the first of April next and monthly thereafter, a paper of thirty-two pages, to be devoted to the advancement of the TEMPERANCE CAUSE IN GEORGIA.

We hope those Brethren who labor at the Altars of Love, Purity and Fidelity, in days of yore, and our friends everywhere, will aid us in our new enterprise

Terms, $1.50 per annum.

Please address orders as soon as you can, to
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Opposite Georgia Railroad Depot, Atlanta, Ga.

SAWED SHINGLES,

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FLOORING AND WEATHERBOARDING.

mar8—

DR. JOEL BRANHAM | D

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

SOMETHING NEW.

BY FRED.

To the Author of Something New:

For The Constitution.]

'Tis well to ask, and well to plead,
"*Do* give us something new,"
And easy, too, to take the lead
In telling what to do.

But what *is* new to this wise race?
That questions quickly rise
Which serve to complicate the case,
Does not at all surprise.

Since in this world of varied change
There's no equal division,
Of education's lofty range
Of thought, ideas, and vision.

What's new to us, is old to you,
Perhaps, if in Life's chances,
Broad views have been vouchsafed to you
Of what we've had but glances.

Why, I thought "Woman's Rights" quite new,
You'd have us think, now, may be,
Our Mother Eve (perhaps 'tis true)
Had Adam mind the baby,

While *she* went forth to legislate,
Since ladies think 'tis plain
That *women* excell in debate,
And *men* in *raising Cain*.

Well, since you don't like "Woman's Rights,"
And find them such a bore,
But rather take to "awful sights,"
And subjects that are more

Congenial to a woman's heart
Which craves naught that is cruel,
And only wants the funny part
Of the last dreadful "duel."

How *splendidly* Jack fought Fitz James,
And shot him thro' and thro',
Which helps to show what splendid *aims*
Young men *can* have in view.

"Elopements!" oh! they read so nice;
Suppose we try the real?
Perhaps *that* better would suffice
To please *your* high ideal

Of what's the very *spice* of life,
And thus *our* part would do
In all this journalistic strife,
To furnish—"*Something New.*"

Madison, Ga.

City and Suburban Affairs.

GEORGE W. KREIS, ESQ.—Our young friend, George W. Kreis, has a-*tone*-d for his life of single-cussedness by wedding one of Atlanta's fair daughters. May their store and happiness always be full, and their wealth never be diminished but always *increase!*

W. A. FLORENCE.—We were pleased to meet this morning with our young and talented friend, W. A. Florence, of the Senior Class at Emory College, who is in our city. He is a young man of exceeding promise, and with his intellectual attainments and moral endowments, combined with energy and firmness, we predict for him a brilliant future.

EMORY COLLEGE.—Twenty-eight members of the Senior class, at Emory College, came up to Atlanta this morning, for the purpose of having their handsome faces "took," by the photographer Kuhn. Emory College should feel proud of her Senior class. We have never seen a more vigorous and intellectual body of young men together, and they will reflect credit upon Emory.

AT HIS TRICKS STILL.—The Selma (Ala.) Argus states that a few days since a stranger came to that city and "got permission from two of the hotels to have printed cards containing their 'rules and regulations,' which were to be surrounded by the cards of some of the business men. He then went to several of the merchants and secured their cards, and taking them to the Selma Job Office, had them printed on a very neat card-board, a copy of which he stole from the office, and taking it to the merchants collected the money for the cards and left the city without having paid for the printing or made any arrangement by which the cards should be furnished to the hotels as agreed upon."

The stranger must be the Mr. Calhoun who operated in this city a few weeks since.

DEGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.—It was an elegant audience, gemmed with many of nature's loveliest jewels, that gave greeting to the New York Dramatic Troupe, at the above place of amusement, last night, albeit we regretted that there were seats which should have had occupants.

To say that the thrilling drama of Rosedale was the one selected, that the arrangement was cleverly conceived and excellently carried out, might be all required of us. We, however, must add, that judging from the beaming faces we saw everywhere around us, and from the frequent and hearty applause elicited, that the audience was delighted, and that we doubt if any company, outside of New York, Boston, or Philadelphia, could have given us a finer rendition of Rosedale, than did the New York Troupe last evening.

The rendition of the "Cuckoo Polka," "Galiep-La Sirene," and other exquisite *morceaux* by the orchestra, under the control of the skillful baton of J. E. Hartel, was highly satisfactory.

From the beginning of the play, with its dramatic tableaux, to its termination, the interest of the audience was manifest; and from the first appearance of the meanness of the Old Uncle, the mystery of the lost child, the adoption, the abduction, and the recovery, the attention of the audience was deeply elicited. All the characters were well conceived and sustained, and throughout the rendition of the piece, the interest of the audience was not allowed to lag.

Miss Isadora Cameron, with he excellent voice, her fine presence, graceful bearing, the exquisite chasteness of her impersonations, and the earnest and conscientious treatment of the character she had assumed to interpret, that of Lady Florence, fully merited the applause she received.

Miss Annie Livingston, as she appeared on the stage, slight in form, yet graceful in figure, the perfection of girlish beauty and grace, all life and animation—

"As if joy itself
Were a living thing, and won her shape,"

could not doubt the truth, that her charming conception of Rose Leigh, had caused the audience to open their arms and hearts to her, at once as a favorite.

Miss Victoria Cameron, bore herself effectively, and won unqualified praise in her *role*, as Lady Adela.

J. Clinton Hall, was natural, graceful and easy in his rendition of Elliot Grey, and is an actor of considerable merit.

Belvil Ryan was excellent as Bunbury Knot. His efforts in the comic role are good. Ryan established himself as a favorite with his audience on first sight.

We have not the space to notice all the members of the troupe, though each one is deserving of praise. All were perfect in their parts. Judging from the finished and chaste rendition of Rosedale, by this troupe last evening, we can cordially recommend it to our citizens as one deserving a liberal support. We hope to see a full house at DeGive's to-night.

☞ A smart mulatto member of the Virginia Legislature made quite a sensation the other day by declaring in debate, "Gentlemen, I have some of the best white blood in Virginia coursing in my veins. On one side I can claim as high and honorable descent as any Senator in the Chamber. Gentlemen, I am your brother! I am also the colored man's brother. I represent both races. I am an Anglo-Saxon and an Anglo-African, and I desire to do justice to my kin on both sides."

With the proclamation of the President announcing the ratification of the fifteenth amendment, the National Anti-Slavery Standard, having accomplished its mission, will drop "anti-slavery" from its title, and thereafter be known as the Standard.

New Illustrated Catalogue and Price List Sent Post Paid on Application.

mar6— dec21-d3m

Southside.

Winter Arrangement!

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WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

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The Only Route from Atlanta

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NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans,

AND POINTS WEST.

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B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
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nov28-d3m

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J. A. ROBERT,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
sept11-dtf

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A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

We take great pleasure in offering the

Old Carolina Bitters

to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

Will be found invaluable for

Want of Appetite,
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Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

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jan19-dly

HENRY BANKS. HENRY BANKS, JR.

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jan8-d6m

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Chattanooga, Tenn.

S. B. LOWE,

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ARE now prepared to offer to Merchants, at reduced rates, a full assortment of

COMMON BAR IRON,
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BAND,
HOOP,
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Freight and Passenger Car IRONS, complete,
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Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

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A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

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The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

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SAFES.

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Practical Slaters,

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All work guaranteed.
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OF LIME,

THE GREAT FERTILIZER FOR

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☞ Pure Fine Ground Raw-Bone $70 per ton. Lime fresh from the Kiln at market rate.
jan30 d1y

BERGER & BUTTS'

EXCELSIOR SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF

LIME.

WE now offer this Standard Fertilizer to the Planters of Georgia, and as a guarantee of its great value, we need only say, that we hold certificates of Dr. R. J. Massey, Inspector of Fulton County, and Professor A. Means, at Savannah, with analysis of G. H. Williams, Analitical Chemist, Savannah, Ga. Apart from these, we hold many certificates from planters of Georgia, endorsing this article as giving the very best results.

Cash Price $70 Per Ton of 2,000 Pounds. Time Price $75 Per Ton of 2,000 Pounds.

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Baugh's Dissolved Bone.

WE are in large supply of this popular article, and offer it, as in the past, on most favorable terms. To our people, this is no New Fertilizer, and therefore, needs no eulogy or Certificates.

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feb2-dtf

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ARRIVING AT MY NEW WAREHOUSE,

Just Completed for me, by Mr. E. W. Holland,

500 TONS SEA FOWL GUANO,

500 tons Russell Coe's Ammoniated Bone Super-Phosphate,
100 tons Sardy's Ammoniated Soluble Pacific,
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50 tons Pure Peruvian Guano,
100 tons Land Plaster,
50 tons Dissolved Bones,
50 tons Bone Dust,
100 tons Etiwan's No. 1 and 2,
20 tons John Merryman's Ammoniated Dissolved Bones,
100 tons Andrew Coe's Super-Phosphate,
25 tons Baugh's Rawbone Phosphate,
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Call and see me. It is useless to hunt for what I have not got. I also have an immense stock of

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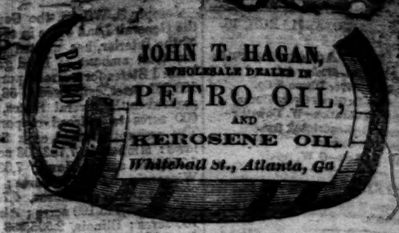

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Separate from my Oil business, I keep a first-class stock of

PLAIN AND FANCY GROCERIES.

Especially adapted to the RETAIL CITY TRADE. I have just received the following:

Pearl Hominy, Pearl Grits, Buckwheat Flour, Hams—new sugar-cured, Breakfast Bacon, Dried Beef, Fresh Mullet,
2,000 lbs Candy—assorted, Citron, Canned Fruits, Dates, 30 kinds Crackers—fresh, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Oranges, Lemons, Dessert Fruits, Pickled Pigs Feet, etc., etc.
Raisins, Figs, Currants, Cranberries, Pickles in vinegar, Sour Crout, Sardines, Bologna Sausages, Olives, Apples in quantity, Java Coffee—old Gov.,

A fine lot of WHISKIES, WINES and SWEET JERSEY CIDER, on hand. Country Merchants would find it to their advantage to get their Lamp Oils and Lamp Goods of me.

☞ My OIL WAGON will store soon, when the citizens may have the best KEROSENE or PETRO OIL delivered at their doors, without extra charge.

No Oil kept in Grocery Department.
JOHN T. HAGAN,
Sign Red Front.
dec13-d6m

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DOUBLE WARP BLACK ALPACAS,

THIRTY-TWO INCHES WIDE—SURPASSING ALL OTHERS.

WE also offer to the trade a large Stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, and Ready-Made Clothing. Having bought early in the season at rates much lower than the present, we will offer

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS.

To meet the increased demand, we have, in addition to our Sale Room on the first floor, fitted up a second floor above, exclusively for the Wholesale Trade. This room is large and commodious, well lighted and ventilated. Buyers are respectfully requested to inspect Our Stock, and we guarantee full satisfaction. Wholesale Department Up-stairs.

M. C. & J. F. KISER,
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FOR

COTTON, CORN,

WHEAT.

THIS STANDARD MANURE, named after a well known practical Planter of Georgia and South Carolina, combines in a concentrated form all the fertilizing elements necessary to the production of COTTON, CORN and WHEAT, and by its use is certain to increase not only the crop, but to improve the quality of the products. It is made with a special view to the wants of the soils of the South, and can be relied upon as to excellence of materials, containing highly necessary substances, the great cost of which have heretofore precluded their being in common use. It can be depended on as uniform, always reliable, and productive of good crops.

ALBANY, GA., September, 1870.

Having a full knowledge of the composition and process of manufacture of the "Willingham Cotton, Corn, Wheat and Rice Fertilizer," I have no hesitation in pronouncing it to be a most reliable fertilizer, one of the best in use, and most particularly adapted to the soil of Georgia and South Carolina.

THOMAS H. WILLINGHAM.

Price per ton, 2000 lbs. Price per ton, 2000 lbs. 1st, on approved city acceptance

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W. M. & R. J. LOWRY, AGENTS.
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Important to Farmers and Planters

MERRYMAN'S RAW-BONE

SUPER--PHOSPHATE FOR COTTON!

THIS Phosphate has proved itself to be the Cheapest, and fully equal to any in the Market. Not passed by the highest-priced Guanos. Its adaptation to

COTTON, WHEAT, CORN, OATS, TOBACCO, GARDEN TRUCK, GRASSES, etc.

Has been thoroughly and satisfactorily tested. Finely ground and suitable for Drilling. Put up in bags of 167 lbs. each.

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Send to Agents for Circulars containing other testimonials from different sections of the State. For sale by ABBOTT & BRO., Atlanta, Ga.

NEAR JONESBORO, GA., Nov. 3, 1869.

MESSRS. ABBOTT & BRO., Atlanta, Ga.—Sirs: In reply to your enquiry, as to the merits of Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate, I take pleasure in stating that in my opinion there is no Fertilizer in use that is superior to it. I used it on my cotton, and am well pleased with it, and will use it more extensively another year. I do not hesitate to recommend it to all who want a good reliable Fertilizer.

Yours, truly, ELLISON RUSH.
jan18-d3m

EAST POINT, GA., Oct. 21, 1869.

MESSRS. ABBOTT & BRO., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen—The two tons of Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate, purchased of you last spring, I applied on my cotton and potatoes, with the most satisfactory results. Until this year, I have always used Chesapeake Guano and Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate, and I have no hesitancy in saying, after thorough tests, that Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate is fully equal to, if not superior to either of the others.

Yours, truly, JOSEPH CALOWAY.

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MEADOR & BROTHERS,

Cigar Manufactory, is now prepared to offer to Customers,

AND TO DEALERS IN GENERAL—WHOLESALE

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PUROS Regalia Finas,
" Londres de Regalo,
" Conchas Finas,
" {Operas, Consuelo Regalia Finas, La Crema Regalia Finas,
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With becoming modesty, we place before the public, the finest Cigars made this side of the VUELTA DE ABAJO, known as our CONQUEST BRAND, which comprises the following Vitolas:

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AND THE FOLLOWING LIST OF STAPLE BRANDS:

Legal Tender Imperiales, La Dalmara Trabucos,
El Trovador Imperiales, El Trovador Regalias,
Flower of the South, Fine Regalia, Londres and Conchas,
El Amado, Fine Regalia, Londres and Conchas.

PARTAGAS.

Upmann, Miller; Intagriad, Miller; La Quinta Escuela, Londres is beside [illegible] El Rosario, La Rosa; La Opposition; the Eagle Brand; Yara, the only Principe [illegible] Flor de Cuba; La Africana; La Carolina, the cheapest Cigar in the Market; La [illegible] of 50 Cigars. The standing Brand, La Prudencia, KNOWN as our N B marks, [illegible] Conchas, etc.

MEADOR & BROTHERS.

Tobacco Commission Merchants, Whitehall St., Atlanta.
jan16-d3m